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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXI NO. 246 BOMBAY THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

HITLER FLOURISHES CLENCHED FIST

CHALLENGE TO POWERS TO DENY HIS RIGHT

No Victim To "Geneva Illness"

Will Not Follow His "Foolish Predecessors"

BERLIN. Oct. 18.

Chancellor Hitler was insistent on Germany's desire for peace when he addressed the Nazi Conference concerned with the forthcoming election campaign. He declared :

"Germany will attend no conference, join no League, sign no convention, until she is treated as an equal. There must be a limit to everything below which one could not go."

NO VICTIM TO "GENEVA ILLNESS."

The Chancellor expressed optimism as far as the Germans were concerned but was pessimistic with regard to the League of Nations, whereas, he said, his predecessors had fallen victims to "Geneva illness" which had a contrary effect.—Reuter.

HITLER DENIES PRESS REPORT

No Suggestion To Reopen Talks

BERLIN, Oct. 17.

Herr Hitler's intentions have favourably impressed the American Ambassador Mr. Dodd in a fifty minute interview at the conclusion of which Mr Dodd said that the Chancellor was honestly perturbed over the Nazi assaults, and was determined to stop them.

Hitler also emphasised his desire for peace and aversion to war, and "seemed anxious to resume or continue contact with the rest of the world."

A semi-official statement emphasises Germany's intentions to observe the provisions of the Peace Treaty and the League Covenant.

At the same time a denial has been issued of the report that Germany has sent a note to Signor Mussolini suggesting the re-opening of disarmament negotiations.—Reuter.

CLOSER CONTROL OF REICHSBANK

President Will Be Appointed By State Instead Of General Council

BERLIN, Oct. 17.

Closer Government control of the Reichsoank will be effected by a law to be effective after Oct 28 providing that the President of the Reichsbank will be appointed by the President of the Reich instead of by the Bank's General Council which will be abolished.

The Reichsbank has been authorised to regulate the money market by purchasing in open market specified securities, which may be used as part of the Reichsbank note cover.—Reuter.

U. S. & DISARMAMENT PROBLEM

Statement Warmly Welcomed In Germany

(Special Cable.)

BERLIN, October 17.

Political quarters draw attention to the importance of the statement of the American delegation at Geneva that they are not interested in the political or purely European aspects of disarmament, and the United States in no way politically allied to any European power.

The latter declaration is interpreted as the most significant hint which is warmly welcomed in Germany.

PAPERS ENDORSE GENEVA DECISION

Henderson Urges Continuance Of Work

RUGBY. Oct. 17.

Although the gravity of Germany's decision is generally recognised it was not led to the demand for precipitate action, and newspapers approve of the decision reached at Geneva yesterday that after a brief adjournment, the Bureau and the General Commission should meet again next week.

At present there is no question of abandoning the work of the Disarmament Conference, and in a broadcast address from Geneva, last night, Mr. Arthur Henderson, President of the Disarmament Conference, strongly urged that it was vital that the Conference should continue its work and produce a genuine convention. "Though Germany has withdrawn

ANGLO-GERMAN CORDIALITY

Hindenburg's Assurance To Sir Eric

BERLIN, October 18.

It will be the aim of myself and my Government to help your task to improve the friend-

(Continued on page 7).

BABY HITLER?

This picture is alleged to be that of the German Chancellor, Herr Hitler and to have been taken by a member of his family before Adolf had attained the age of one. He was born in April 1889 and his father was a custom's official on the Austro-Bavarian Frontier.

TRIBES ATTACK NIMPARAO

Garrison Repel Enemy After Putting Up Stout Resistence

QPEITA, Oct. 18.

Further details are now available of the tribal attack in the Zoab District.

It is understood that the lashkar of the Kharots and Sulemanhels attacked Nimparao, the temporary militia post near Gulkach on October 11 in the morning. The attack was beaten off by a garrison who put up a very stout resistance and the enemy retired across the border leaving behind seven dead. They are believed to have carried away several other casualities. The Zoab militia had five persons killed including two followers and five wounded.

The situation is now in hand and it is believed that full arrangements have been made to deal with further eventualities.—A. P.

BRITAIN AGREES WITH FRANCE

PARIS, October 18.

According to "Le Matin," Ambassador Lord Tyrrell informed M. Daladier that Britain entirely agrees with the French views as regards Germany's withdrawal from the League.—Reuter's Special.

NEWS ON OTHER PAGES

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RAID ON GOLD-SMITH'S SHOP

Premises Alleged To Be Used As Gaming House

A gold and silversmith's shop at Mumbadevi was raided by the C.I.D. Police on Wednesday night at 9 p.m as the shop was alleged to be used as a gaming house. Rs. 225 in cash, including marked coins satta betting slips and four persons found on the premises were taken into custody.

The raid was carried out by Deputy Inspector Salasker, Sub-Inspectors D'Costa and Sawant of the Vigilance Department C.I.D. on a warrant issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

AHMEDABAD MISSION TO MAHATMAJI

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18.

On account of the resignation from the Conciliation Board of Seth Chimanlal Parikh, representative of the Millowners Association, questions under dispute between the Millowners Association and the Labour Association including the proposed cut of 25 per cent. in wages will now be referred to Arbitration.

Mr. Gordhanbhai Patel, Secretary, Millowners Association, and Gulzarilal Nanda, Secretary, Labour Association, will accordingly proceed to Wardha at the end of the week to discuss with Mahatma Gandhi the preliminaries of the questions under dispute and fix a date for the sitting of the Arbitration Board.—A. P.

NEW MILL FOR AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18.

A new mill called the Bharat Suryoday Mill was opened yesterday by Sheth Chimanlal Parikh, President of the Ahmedabad Millowners Association.

The mill has been started with a capital of Rs. 4 lakhs and is equipped with the latest type of machinery.—A. P.

No Discrimination Against Japan

India Govt. For Common Basic Tariff Against All Countries

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

The Indo-Japanese negotiations have now reached a stage when the Simla talks may be said to have provided a complete background for ultimate decisions.

Negotiations though slow have been very helpful and have involved for the Government of India secretariat enermous labour in working out plans with a view to making every possible gesture to Japan consistent with national interests.

COMMON BASIC TARIFF.

While the proceedings are confidential the principles underlying the negotiations have now become more or less well-known. The Government of India delegation have it is stated done their best to devise a plan to see that there is no discrimination against Japan as such. This plan visualising as it does a common basic tariff against all countries is it is held a very generous gesture in view of the fact that the Indian industries are and can be effectively challenged by the Japanese alone? which means that if India is to protect herself against one country it is Japan. For this reason the gesture of common basic tariff against all countries is very important.

As regards cotton textiles, the hope is expressed here that there is no truth in the reports from Tokio that the Japanese authorities are opposed to the linking of the purchase of cotton with quota for textile goods. For, if that report is true the gulf becomes unbridgeable. The Government of India would naturally feel that the entire country would criticise their action if they allowed any textile quota to be fixed without imposing corresponding obligations on Japan to buy Indian cotton. If, however, this principle is accepted, there should be no difficulty in working out details.

STANDARD FOR FUTURE.

Thus for instance, the average purchase of Indian cotton by Japan in the past five or ten years could be made a standard for future dealings and an agreement on this basis could be concluded for next five or ten years Japan would have absolute freedom to buy whatever quantity of Indian cotton it needed, but its textile goods imported into India would correspondingly decrease or increase.

Thus negotiations have reached the stage when all that remains is for the two parties to agree to a common principle and then proceed to apply it in detail.

FRIENDLY LANCASHIRE.

When the talks are resumed in Delhi a week or a fortnight should suffice to conclude negotiations. The most hopeful sign is the desire of both the parties to come to a settlement.

NOTICE

Tomorrow being Hindu New Year's Day, there will be no issue of "The Bombay Chronicle" on Saturday the 21st instant. Advertisers are requested to send in their programmes to-day.

The Evening Edition, will be published as usual, on Saturday.

As for Lancasrire, Indian delegates both official and non-official have very much appreciated the friendly feelings shown by Lancashire and their anxiety to develop further trade relations on inter-empire basis. The views exchanged between Lancashire and the Indian side have therefore been very fruitful as indicating the line of future development but no immediate result is anticipated on the ground that the present negotiations really relate to the Indo-Japanese trade relationship and the question of any preference for Lancashire goods by lowering of tariffs does not arise out of these negotiations and it will have to be dealt with later on its own merits.—A. P.

SECRET TALKS AT SIMLA

Narrowing Gulf Between Leaders Of Textile Delegates

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

Sir Joseph Bhore and His Excellency Mr. Sotsuzo Sawada held an hour's secret talks to-day.

To-morrow's provisional meeting has been cancelled. Further meetings will take place in Delhi.

Special significance attaches to the secret talks between the leaders of the two delegations which were arranged with a view to giving due weight to diplomatic considerations, so as to narrow the gulf at present dividing the two sides.

IMPROVED COTTON.

It is understood that the Indian Agricultural Research Council is elaborating plans by which ginning and distribution of improved variety of cotton and seeds will be supervised by the Government, thus facilitating the purchase by Lancashire of Indian cotton and helping Indian cotton grower to liberate himself in increasing degree from the present undue dependence on Japanese market. This plan is strongly supported by Lancashire as proof of their desire to buy more and more of Indian cotton.—A. P.

LANCE CORPORAL COMMITS SUICIDE

Shoots Himself Through Head At Colaba Barracks

Lance Corporal T. Doneghey, of the Royal Irish Fussiliers attached to the Officers' Mess at the Colaba Barracks is reported to have shot himself through the head with a service revolver at 3 p.m. on Wednesday. Death was instanteneous.

The Colaba Police are now investigating into the causes that led L/C Doneghey to commit suicide. The body has been removed to the morgue.

"CITY OF PARIS" REFLOATED

MARSEILLES, Oct. 18.

The "City of Paris" has been refloated and is steaming hither. Her hull has been slightly damaged.—Reuter.

Out Of The Gloaming.

Sir John Simon told a Mr. Hutton: "Whatever you do, do not let lawyers come in. They will only ruin the place." He himself has already ruined the proposed Indian constitution, and now he has taken in hand the British Foreign Office. Even lawyers blurt out the truth, sometimes.

* * * *

Keeping out lawyers means simplifying the work of magistrates, particularly in the backward tracts. Dr. Gour was insistent that lawyers should assist the aboriginals in getting the law applied—for a consideration, of course.

* * * *

This Solon of the Aborigines opined that what was acquiesced in by a particular society should be allowed except Congress work, such as liquor-shop picketing, foreign cloth-shop picketing, and other minor things.

* * * *

Out of excessive love Gandhiji appeals to all and sundry to refuse any financial help to Nila Nagini Devi, because she has run away from "all the affection that parents, brothers and sisters could show her," and because her "fearful past has proved too strong for her."

* * * *

Most of us have got our past, but the question mainly is about the future, and whether it can be assured by refusing help to a young girl in a strange land.

* * * *

Persons "possessed" are sometimes beaten into insensibility, out of excessive kindness and love, to exorcise the devil. Let's hope Nila Nagini will be more fortunate and the process of driving the devil more humane. Forward Christian Charity!

* * * *

Midnapur Police are continuing their moral welfare work among the youth there, who have to report their movements to and from their houses. But they are still permitted to live in their houses, when they haven't been taken away by the Police.

* * * *

It's only Sir John Anderson, the great Irish expert, who can look after the moral and physical welfare of the young and growing youth of Bengal.—In the same way as our local Vigilance Association does for Bombay Youth.

* * * *

But the Government should not confine their missionary work to Hindus, and other communities should also have the benefit of the great expert's moral and spiritual exaltation.

* * * *

If this can't make the Hindu youth both moral and loyal, we wonder what can. It's the noble personal example of the Police that is so touching and Sir John knows that example is better than precept.

* * * *

"The "Madras Mail" writes that the Hindu Mahasabha represents the great mass of Hindu opinion while more truthful Bori Bunder believe that its influence is limited. What is truth, asked Pilate thousands of years ago, and the question is still unanswerable in Anglo-India.

* * * *

Dalal Street is angry with the originators of the new Party in Maharashtra and wants them to continue the present "constructive programme" of C.D. Unfortunately, they happen to be conscientious and can't slip out with an apology like some of their critics.

* * * *

"Between the ideals of the Liberals and the Congress breakaways there will probably be not much difference in actual life" writes "F.P.J." But there will be much difference between those who profess C. D. and others who practise it.

* * * *

"We can laugh at ourselves, and laughter is one of the best things that God has given us," said Mr. Baldwin the other day. But for all that Britons don't realise why and when they make themselves ridiculous!

TABULATED ADLETS
1 Anna Per Word.
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

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Rs. 110 Regular Monthly Salary. Appointed Already 100 Managers throughout India. Wanted 5 District Managers in Bombay Presidency. Cash deposit essential. Apply to:—Great Eastern Industrial Co., Ltd., 38, Mint Street, Madras. (1367).

Wanted—A middle-aged energetic and Gujarati-knowing qualified Matron for a Girls' Boarding School in Ahmedabad. Salary up to Rs. 50 (fifty) with lodging and boarding. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 7379, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for the Ratnagiri Municipal Borough an energetic qualified and experienced Sanitary Inspector on Rs. 35—2—50 plus Rs. 5 Cycle allowance. One with an additional qualifications or experience as a Sub-Overseer preferred. The appointment will be probationary for one year. The applicant must be prepared for an interview at his own expenses. Applications stating caste, age should reach the undersigned not later than 29th October, 1933. V. K. Bhedasgaonkar, Chief Officer, Ratnagiri Municipal Borough. Municipal Office, Ratnagiri, 16th October 1933.
7391

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle", Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale a Secondhand Electric Lift by Etchells, Congdon & Muir, Ltd., for 3 persons, total height 50 feet, serving 4 landings, with all gates, erections and girders supports, complete, little used, in fair condition. Apply S. F. B. Tyabji & Co., 56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 25773. (7261).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

102. AGRICULTURE.

Wanted.—A bachelor of Agriculture expert in selection, breeding, and rearing up of cows. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials: Honorary Secretary, Pooj Panchayati Gaooshala, Shikarpur, Sind.
(1402).

106. BUILDING MATERIALS.

Steel Beams and Rounds available for Building purposes. Large stocks. Low prices. Geo. Service & Co., above Kemp & Co., Hornby Road. (7362).

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The Madras And Southern Mahratta Railway Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in England)

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An ASSISTANT FOUNDRY SHOP FOREMAN. Must have had considerable experience in Locomotive, Carriage and Wagon Workshop Foundries both ferrous and non-ferrous and be capable of taking charge of a Shop. Experience in machine moulding essential.

Starting pay according to qualifications. The maximum pay of the appointment is Rs. 300 per mensem, but this is liable to revision at the discretion of the Railway Administration. The salary is subject to the cut in force.

The selected candidate will have to undergo a medical examination by the Company's Medical Officer and be declared fit for service. He will be required to serve a probationary period of six months, which period may, however, be extended at the discretion of the Chief Mechanical Engineer. On expiry of the probationary period he will, if satisfactory, be appointed in an 'officiating capacity' only in accordance with the Government of India orders.

The successful applicant will be required to reside in the Company's quarters when allotted and to pay the usual rent there for.

Applications with full particulars of experience and with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, should be made to the Chief Mechanical Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Perambur, to reach him not later than 31st October, 1933.
7390

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 169270 on the life of Bhogilal Jagjiwan Mody of Dharampur, Bulsar, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

Bombay, October, 1933
DOUGLAS FORREST,
Ag. Manager.
1401

To-Night! To-Night!!
Music!
Beauty! Romance!!
In
A DIZZY RIOT
Of Stunts That
Eclipses All Previous Efforts
"THE
'GAY-CAVALIER'
or
RANGILA-RAJPUT
Starring
YOUR FAVOURITES
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Master NISAR
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An AJANTA MUSICAL DRAMA
Directed By
M. BHAVNANI.
Shows at 3, 5-30, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
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Lamington Road

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & Co.,

AUCTION SALE OF 50 BALES KAMBODIA COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by public Auction on TUESDAY, the 24th October, 1933, at 1-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, near the Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance office concerned, the above mentioned slightly damaged cotton.

MENESSE & CO.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Bengal Maru	5396	19 Oct.	28 Oct.
*Tango Maru	7000	30 Oct.	10 Nov.
Penang Maru	5214	18 Nov	28 Nov
*Ginyo Maru	9000	1 Dec.	10 Dec

*Passenger steamer with excellent accommodation and services £50 Return.

COLOMBO-JAPAN via PORTS

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo
Hakozaki Maru	10500	30 Oct
Terukuni Maru	12000	11 Nov
Hakusan Maru	10500	27 Nov

COLOMBO-MARSEILLES-LONDON

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo
Kashima Maru	10000	26 Oct
Yasukuni Maru	12000	6 Nov

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Taiyo Maru	14500	15 Nov
Chichibu Maru	17000	28 Nov

KOBE-SEATTLE via VANCOUVER

Steamers	Tons	Leave Kobe
Heian Maru	11600	27 Nov
Hikawa Maru	11600	13 Dec

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Steamer.	Arrival.	Departure
Havre Maru	24th Oct.	13th Nov
Tsurushima ,,	26th ,,	.....
Havana ,,	9th Nov.	22nd Nov
Atlas ,,	23rd ,,	10th Dec
Shunko ,,	9th Dec.	23rd ,,

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STARS BY THE SCORE!
MUSIC! BEAUTY! ROMANCE!

Leo Carrillo—Mary Brian—Roger Pryor—Herbert Rawlinson—Lillian Miles—Bobby Watson—William Frawley—Alexander Gray—4 Eaton Boys—Bernice Claire—Doris Carson—Jack Denny—Richard King—Frank and Milt Britton Band, in the comedy drama with six big song hits!
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A William Rowland-Monte Brice Production. Directed by Karl Freund. A UNIVERSAL PICTURE presented by Carl Laemmle.

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SUPER TALKIES
CHARNI ROAD JUNCTION.
Book for your Diwali Entertainment
Time: 2-30; 5-15; 8; 10-45 Seats Reserved in advance

NEW PLAY! NEW PLAY!

There is no salvation without unity of communities and religions. Mirabai, the saintly queen of Udaipur was a living example of this principle.

Mr. N. S. RAJAHANSA alias BALGANDHARVA
presents
under the auspices of his
Gandharva Natak Mandali
AMRITSIDDHI
by
Mr. VASANT S. DESAI.
AT THE
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Opening Night 26th October, 1933 at 8-30 p.m.
Matinees on
28th October 1933, SATURDAY, at 4 p.m.
and
29th October, 1933, SUNDAY, at 4 p.m.
All Star Cast! Superb Music! Gorgeous Settings!
Free list entirely suspended.

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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
A Tender Romance Played Against A Strange Background
"ZOO IN BUDAPEST"
A JESSE L. LASKY Production
with LORETTA YOUNG & GENE RAYMOND
NEXT SATURDAY A THRILLING MYSTERY DRAMA
THROBBING with THRILLS! **"TRICK FOR TRICK"** LOADED with LAUGHTER!
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You'll get the surprise of your life as you reach the climax of this mysterious, hilarious thriller!
Plans open at S. ROSE & Co., and at the theatre.

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GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Our announcement of "AMRITSIDDHI" our new Drama appears elsewhere.
THURSDAY, the 26th October at 8-30 p.m.
Special Divali Programme
THURSDAY, 19th October at 3-30 p.m.
KANHOPATRA
FRIDAY, 20th October at 3-30 p.m.
SWAYAMVAR
SATURDAY, the 21st October at 8-30 p.m.
EKACH PYALA
Booking at the theatre daily from 8 to 11 a.m and 5 to 8 p.m.

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SHANKARRAO SARNAIK'S
Under the kind patronage of His Highness Sawai Tukojeerao Holkar Sarkar Bahadur, Indore.
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GRANT ROAD—BOMBAY THEATRE
THURSDAY, the 19th October at 3-30 p.m.
SOUBHADRA
FRIDAY, the 20th October at 3-30 p.m.
PAT-WARDHAN
SATURDAY, the 21st October At 8-30 p.m.
SANT TULSIDAS
Rates of admission Rs. 3|6, 2|4, 1|12, 1|2, annas 12 and 9.
Booking at the Theatre.
Proprietor: S. R. SARNAIK
G. Manager: B. G. POWAR

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OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE

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"THE DEVIL'S BROTHER"

Based On The Comic Opera

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THELMA TODD

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150 — SINGERS — 150

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"SWING HIGH"
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IMPORTANT PICTURE
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Thousands In the Cast
MEN
SHIPS
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LAUGHS
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At The Theatre Magnificent
THE REGAL

Plans Now Open at the Theatre.

SPECIAL RACING DRAMA
FOR
DIVALI HOLIDAYS
AT
P-A-T-H-E

To-day and To-morrow Only
3-30, 6-30 and 10

FROM HELL
FROM HELL
TO HEAVEN
TO HEAVEN

WITH
CAROLE LOMBARD
CAROLE LOMBARD
DAVID MANNERS
ADRIENNE AMES
AND
JACK OAKIE

A PARAMOUNT TURF MYSTERY

A Romantic Story Amid the Thrills of the Race Track

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Two Days Only
THURSDAY & FRIDAY
AT
P-A-T-H-E

A WHITE FANG DRAMA OF THE WILDS FILMED ENTIRELY IN THE HEART OF THE JUNGLE

At Bombay's Leading Talkie House
THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

AN AUTHENTIC RECORD OF A SHIKARI EXPEDITION INTO THE MALAY STATES
Led By The Intrepid Hunter
FRANK BUCK
Radio's Super Thriller
"BRING 'EM BACK ALIVE"

SEE NATURE IN THE RAW AND THE KINGS OF THE WILD JUNGLE IN MORTAL COMBAT!

Free List Suspended
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THE TWO HATTERS
WHEELER WOOLSEY
Are Going to Provide
LAUGHTER....HILARITY
AMUSEMENT
GALES OF MERRIMENT
BUTTON-BURSTING
HOWLS OF GLEE..TROUBLE
CHASING....HYSTERICS AND
ANGUISH ASSASSINATION
In Radio's Comedy
HOLD 'EM JAIL

PACKED WITH LAUGHS! SCREAMS! SHRIEKS!

Book Now & Ensure Happiness.

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Aso Vad 15, 1989.
Muslim: Jama-dil-Akhar 28, 1352
Parsi: Ardibehest 13, 1303.
Sunrise: 6h 34m
Sunset: 6h. 14m
Hightide: 11-32;
Lowtide: 5-28; 17-41
PHASES OF THE MOON: New Moon 19th October 11h. 15m. a.m. First Quarter 26th October 3h. 51m., a.m. Full moon 2nd November 1h. 29m. p.m.
Divali: Public Holiday. Banks closed.
S.S. "Rajputana" with English mails due at 3 p.m.

FRIDAY, October 20.

Hindu New Year (Samvat 1990): Public Holiday. Banks closed

SATURDAY: Oct. 21.

S.S. "Corfu" with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

MONDAY, October 23.

Municipal Corporation, 4-40 p.m.

TUESDAY, October 24.

Municipal By-election: D Ward.

BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS.—The Band of the Ex-Service (I. A.) will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens on Friday (Oct. 20) from 6 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)

B. E. S. T. CO.—The gross receipts for September, 1933 of the above Co are: Electric Supply Rs. 8,82,547 and Traction (Trams & Ombnibuses) Rs 5,36,005.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The opening ceremony of the National Academy of Music will take place to-day (Thursday) at 10 p.m. in Blavatski Lodge, French Bridge, when Master Krishnarao Fulambrikar will give a musical entertainment. Admission by passes only.

CURRENCY LEAGUE MEETING.—A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay under the auspices of the Currency League of India will be held on Wednesday the 25th October, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. Detailed programme of the meeting will be announced later.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.—The members of the Brotherhood are visiting the Jamsetjee Nasserwanjee Petit Parsi Orphanage to-day (Thursday) at 9 o'clock. Those desirous of joining the party are requested to meet at "Our Book Shop" at 8-30 or at the entrance of the Orphanage at 9 sharp.

DAYANAND NIRVAN DAY.—Semi-Centenary Nirvan Day will be performed in the Arya Samaj, Kakadwadi (Girgaum Back Road) to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m., when Raja Govindlalji, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mrs. Leelavati K. Munshi and others will speak on the life and mission of Swami Dayanand. Havan will be performed first.

SWADESHI MILL WOMEN WORKERS' SOCIETY:—The annual general meeting of the Swadeshi Mill Women Workers' Co-Operative Credit Society was held on Sunday, the 15th October 1933 at 4 p.m. at Jamshedji Tata Welfare Hall, Kurla, Mrs. Shantabai Kashalkar presided.

The meeting adopted report, elected new committee, declared dividends, gave small prizes to regular loan payers and encouraged the workers.

Mrs. Kashalkar the President, presented the President of the Society, a silver medal, a certificate, received for the good work of society from the Agricultural show at Betegaon.

BIKANIR CASE COMMITTEE

Requests Maharaja To Grant Interview To Representative

Raja Bahadur Govindlal Pitti, the president of the Bikaner Political Case Committee, sent following telegram to The Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharajah of Bikaner, on the 15th inst.

"My Committee desires me to requet His Highness to grant interview to Committee's representatives for urging Committees' view. Kindly send date Wire."

So far no reply has been received by the Committee.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Kohens & Kellys in Trouble". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Balaclava" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Devil's Brothers". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 4 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Bring 'em Back Alive" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Zoo in Budapest." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 4 p.m.
PATHE—"From Hell to Heaven." Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Kid From Spain" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day at 3-30 p.m
WEST END—"Raj Rani Mira". Time as usual.
MAJESTIC — "Rukmini Haran." Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Falling For You". Daily Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Sairandhree". Daily Daily at 5-30, 8-10-30 p.m.
EDWARD—"Love Parade" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

SPECIAL DIWALI PROGRAMMES
10 a.m. Time Signal. Commercial Bulletin. Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.
INDIAN PROGRAMME.
Light Music, Jaddanbai of Calcutta with Dattaram Parwatkar, Sarangi.
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
11-30 a.m. The Regimental Band of The 3rd Bn. 8th Punjab Regiment. Band Master: Jamadar Habibulla Khan, by kind permission of Lt.-Col. D. G. Porteous & Officers.
INDIAN PROGRAMME.
4-30 p.m. Classical & Light Music, Vilayat Hussein with Dattaram Parwatker, Sarangi.
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
6 p.m. Relay of Music from Capitol Cinema (by kind permission of the Management).
6-30 p.m. Moments Musical by Richard Meredith.
6-40 p.m. Light Music & Songs Sponsored by the Vielophone Co. (New Decca Records).
EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.
8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin.
INDIAN PROGRAMME.
9 p.m. News in India, New York Opening, Liverpool Closing and Bombay Current Rates.
9-10 p.m. Talk by Mr. A. K. Parwate of Gowardhan Sanstha, in Hindi.
9-15 p.m. Light Music, Bai Kesarbai Mangeshker with Dattaram Parwatker, Sarangi.
11 p.m. Close Down.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben.
7-45 p.m. Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra.
8-30 p.m. Time Signal from Greenwich. Evensong from Westminster Abbey.
9-15 p.m. Sports Talk.
9-35 p.m. Midland Studio Orchestra.
10-30 p.m. News Bulletin.
10-45 p.m. Dance Music by the Casani Club Orchestra.

RICE EXPORTED BACK TO INDIA

Merchants' Chamber Urges Ban On Its Import

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, have addressed the following telegram to the Government of India on the 14th October, 1933:—

Committee Indian Merchants' Chamber have learnt with feelings of pain and regret that Japan has sold one consignment of rice of 7,000 tons to this country at considerably lower rate than the rates ruling in the market, rice which was exported from this country to Japan two or three years back. This consignment, it is reported, is to be followed by other consignments. Already the first consignment has tended to affect the market adversely and lower the prices. This has also affected Jowari, Bajri, and Wheat prices in particular. Japan has placed a ban on Indian rice and yet exports old Indian rice to this country causing harm to local trade and agriculture. Committee for all these reasons request Government to be pleased to place a ban on the imports of old Indian rice from Japan

YEAR OF ECONOMIC RUIN.

Situation In Markets Grows Worse After Brief Period Of Temporary Optimism

(By Our Commercial Editor.)

The Hindu year has been a year of hope deferred that makes the heart sick. It has been a year of continued economic ruin and increasing unemployment. Between March and July there was some improvement in general trade conditions and rise in commodity prices, following inflationary measures adopted by the U. S. A. Government.

This brief period of temporary optimism is now followed by worst results. A leading group of city mills is closed down. Some firms have been forced to suspend payments on account of heavy losses sustained. Business failures such as Brokerage houses and merchants have increased and a feeling of pessism prevails on the Diwalli night.

STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED.

The leading Stock Exchange of the country is closed down for forward business as a result of heavy declines in shares values of the Currimbhoy group of Mills. The security market had a lively time during the early part of the year. 3½ per cent paper after rising to Rs. 90/ declined to Rs. 79/. There was a natural upward reaction owing to the plethora of cheap money as a result of continutd exports of Gold. Price advanced to Rs. 86/ but again declined to Rs. 83/ with an uncertain outlook.

Nearly half of the looms in the city mills are idle as a result of considerable decline in the cloth demand. Total sales by local mills on Diwalli day are estimated about 20,000 bales. Lancashire will be able to sell about Rs. 4,000 Bales and Japan about 2,000 Bales.

COTTON MARKET

The Cotton Market in sympathy with a rise in American cotton recorded a rise reaching the highest price Rs. 240/. For Broach A/M. delivery during last July. Since their prices are gradually falling with no hopes of any sustained improvement. Japan has resolved to boycott our raw cotton and the outlook of the cotton trade is most disappointing. Similarly other commodities Wheat Linseed, Groundnuts and Castorseeds all have suffered owing inadequate export demand and better outlook of prospective crops.

SILVER A TAME AFFAIR.

Silver market is a tame affair. Attempts made by Mr. Pittman to raise silver prices at the World Economic Conference failed to have any favourable result. There is unabeting demand for Gold at advancing prices. Total shipments of gold since abandonment of Gold Standard by Great Britain amount to Rs. 15// crores.

POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

Recently the international political and economic situation is disturbed. Washington administration have decided against reckless currency inflation with a result that the general confidence is impaired. The N.I.R.A. is still under progress but the result so far gives no indication of any boom. Germany has withdrawn from the League and France is still firm in its conviction of Gold Standard

Tariff Walls are destroying all international trade and every country is looking to keep up internal condition. There is too much of individualism to-day in the World.

CITY'S UNIQUE INSTITUTION

Record Of Activities Of Nair Hospital For 1932

The report of the work done by this Hospital during the year 1932, shows that this charitable institution has been doing silent and humble work of service among the poor people for the last 9 years, through its Outdoor and Indoor departments

Moved by the extreme helplessness and suffering of the poor and the ignorant in times of illness, Dr. A. L. Nair, in memory of his beloved mother Bai Yamunabai, started this hospital in 1925, and ever since the institution has been conducting its work with efficiency. The hospital administers help irrespective of caste creed or colour.

The total number of outdoor patients treated during the year was 57,135. This number includes Medical, Surgical Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Dental cases. The total number of inpatients treated were 1,639 medical, surgical, gynaecological and labour cases

The hospital has been recognised by the Bombay Presidency Nursing Council for the training of the probationer nurses in Medical and Surgical Nursing. The entire honorary staff of doctors is working at a great personal sacrifice

NEED OF MAINTENANCE FUND

The hospital has an accommodation of 73 beds, kind-hearted gentlemen are requested to give donations for a permanent fund for the maintenance of the hospital. Donors desirous of perpetuating the memory of their departed relatives and friends may reserve beds in this institution, and confer lasting obligations on the poor sufferers.

This hospital is the first of its kind in India as a public hospital maintained and managed by the public, like some of the hospitals in Europe and America.

Any contributions, however small, will be thankfully received and acknowledged by the Chairman.

BHAI PARMANAND'S ADDRESS CRITICISED

NEW DELHI, Oct 17

A criticism of Bhai Parmanand's Presidential address to the Hindu Maha Sabha is contained in a press statement issued by Maulana Ahmed Saeed, Secretary of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-Hind. The Maulana fears that the address might create new wave of antagonistic communalism.

Continuing he says that instead of advising Hindus to co-operate with Britishers for communal concessions to Hindus, Bhai Parmanand should have advised them to co-operate with communalists.

Mr. Saeed appeals to Hindu youths not to be misguided by Bhai Parmanand's address, and asks them to continue their struggle for freedom on the basis of Hindu-Muslim unity.—A. P.

'MULKI' MOVEMENT MISUNDERSTOOD

Hyderabad Editor Explains Its Significance

Mr. Abdur Rahman, editor of "The Hunshoor", an Urdu daily of Hyderabad (Deccan), who is on a short visit to Bombay, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"During my visit to Bombay I found that the Hyderabad movement or the Mulki movement as it is commonly known is misunderstood in British India. It is thought that the movement is directed against the British or the British-Indian people. I wish to state that such is not the case at all. The movement is directed against nobody. It is a constructive effort to weld together the various elements in the state into one composite and harmonious whole, so that Hyderabad may move on speedily on the path of progress and prosperity under the Asaf Jahi banner.

NOT TO SECURE JOB.

"The allegation that the aim of this movement is to secure jobs for unemployed Hyderabadis is unfounded, as provincialisation of services is the order of the day, and therefore, needs no movement to advocate it. I am sure everyone in British India would willingly endorse the preferential claims of Hyderabadies in state services, and I am glad to note that Maulana Shaukat Ali has done so in his recent "Khilafat" article.

"The message that this movement wishes to bring home to every son of the soil is that the real and solid foundation on which the future political greatness and economic development of Hyderabad should be based is the conception that every Hyderabadi lives under the Asaf Jahi banner, has common historical and traditional past and shares common grievances.

"This is a conception that would inspire Hyderabadis to serve their state selflessly and sincerely. I hope this will set at rest all doubts and misgivings about this movement".—A. P.

RELIEF OF ORISSA FLOOD-STRICKEN

Collections In City On New Year Day

Members of the Gandhi Seva Sena will stand at the following two temples—Madhav Bag and Mahalaxmi on Hindu New Year's Day (Friday) from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m. (S.T.) to collect funds for the distressed in Orissa.

The affected area covers 2,000 sq. miles. The number of people affected is three lakhs. One thousand and 500 villages are involved in the destruction, and 20,000 houses have collapsed. The damage caused is estimated at 15 lakhs of rupees.

In the afternoon of the same day, another batch of the Sena Sevikas will visit the Mulji Jetha Market

The members of the Gandhi Seva Sena will only stand at the Temple gates for one day, and the collecting Sevikas will wear the badges of the Gandhi Seva Sena

BAND AT EMPRESS GARDENS POONA

By kind permission of the Officers of the Royal Bombay Sappers and Miners, the Band will play at the Bund Garden, Poona, on Friday (20th inst.) from 6 to 7-30 p.m. weather permitting

PATHE

The finest cinema in Bombay

SATURDAY NEXT

ONE OF THE GREATEST BRITISH COMEDIES OF THE SEASON

STANLEY LUPINO
AND
BETTY STOCKFELD
IN
'KING OF THE RITZ'

Read what the British press says about it.

"'King of the Ritz' is certain to make friends of film-goers wherever it is shown."—*Daily Mail.*

"Gives the mercurial Stanley Lupino a fine innings as a masterful hotel porter."—*Daily Herald.*

"Its success, I feel, is assured."—*Sunday Dispatch.*

"A popular British comedy, with Stanley Lupino at his most lively, and Betty Stockfeld at her most beautiful."—*Sunday Referee.*

"Another cheerful British comedy."—*Daily Sketch.*

"It is a great pleasure to see an expert at work, and Stanley Lupino is an expert comedian."—Sunday Pictorial.

"Stanley Lupino is seen at his best in 'King of the Ritz'."—*Picture Show.*

"Good entertainment."—*News Chronicle.*

"There is much that is satisfying in this medley of music and movement."—*The Era.*

GLORIOUS GIRLS, GORGEOUS GOWNS, LILTING LYRICS, SPECTACULAR SETTINGS, Plus A DELIGHTFUL STORY.

THE FILM OF A THOUSAND LAUGHS

Book early at S. Rose & Co. or the Theatre.

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PATH

"Always a good show"

INDIAN ORIENTAL CONFERENCE

Seventh Session To Meet In Baroda To Read And Discuss Scientific Contributions, During X'mas

The Seventh Indian Oriental Conference will meet in Baroda on the 27th, 28th and 29th December, 1933, under the patronage of H. H. the Maharaja Sayaji Rao Gaekwad.

The programme will include besides reading and discussion of scientific contributions in the different Sections, the dramatic representation of "Malavikagnimitra" of Kalidasa, a Mushaira, a Pandit Parisad, and a visit to the Exhibition at the Museum and Picture Gallery and to the Central Library, Makarpura Palace and Zaverkhana. The proceedings will begin from 5 p.m. on Wednesday, the 27th December, 1933.

The members of the Conference who wish to make scientific contributions to the Sections are required to send their papers along with a short summary to the local secretary before October 31st. The contributors of papers will be required to qualify themselves as members by paying the membership fee of Rupees Five only.

(i) It is requested that such subjects be chosen as are likely to evoke general interest from those meeting in the same Section.

(ii) The acceptance of contributions and their distribution over different Sections will be finally effected in consultation with the Chairman of the Section concerned.

(iii) For contributions notified after October 31st, the Meetings Committee reserves all liberty of action.

(iv) The languages which are generally admitted for the papers are English, Sanskrit, Persian, Arabic, Marathi, Gujarati, Hindi and Urdu, according to the requirements of each Section. For the use of other languages permission will have to be obtained from the Chairman.

(v) Members wishing to illustrate their papers with lantern slides are requested to notify the Local Secretary. The lecturer should bring his own slides and a slide carrier as slides vary in size, and the Meetings Committee will endeavour to obtain the necessary apparatus.

The Executive Committee of the Conference have elected Sir Kasai Prasad Jayaswal, M. A. (Oxon), Barrister-at-law as the General President of the Conference.

SECTIONAL MEETINGS.

The Conference will be divided into thirteen Sections. The names of the Sections and their Presidents, as elected by the Executive Committee, are given below:—

1. Sanskrit-Vedic, Prof. A. C. Woolner, M.A., C. I. E.
2. Philology, Prof. Siddheswar Varma, M.A.
3. Anthropology, Rai Bahadur Sarat Chandra Roy.
4. Philosophy, Prof. R. D. Ranade, M.A.
5. History, Rai Bahadur Gaurishankar Hirachand Ojha.
6. Archaeology, Ghulam Yazdani, Esq., M.A.
7. Fine-Arts, N. C. Mehta, Esq., I. C. S.
8. Avesta-Iranian, Dr. I. J. S. Taraporewala, Ph.D.
9. Arabic-Persian. Prof. Poure-Davoud.
10. Marathi, Dr. S. V. Ketkar, Ph.D.
11. Hindi, Rev. Rahula Sankrityayana.
12. Urdu, Moulvi Abdul Haq, M.A.
13. Gujarati, Rao Bahadur V. P. Vaidya, Bar.-at-Law.

Invitation is extended to all institutions and learned bodies interested in oriental learning to depute representatives to the Conference. Several Indian, European and American Universities and research institutes, the Government of India, some of the Provincial Governments and Indian States have already responded to the invitation of the Central Committee for Reception by nominating delegates and providing them with facilities to attend the Conference. Such Universities, Learned Bodies and States as have not yet nominated their delegates are requested to do so before the end of October 1933. The delegates are required, however, to qualify themselves as members by paying a fee of rupees five only.

The fee for members has been fixed at rupees five only. Fees should be remitted by Money or Postal order to the local secretary, Seventh Oriental Conference, Oriental Institute, Baroda, in advance in order to avoid confusion and rush immediately before the Conference is in session. Members will be entitled to a copy of the proceedings on publication.

The accommodations of the delegates to the Conference will be arranged as much as possible in accordance with their wishes, which they are requested to make known to the local secretary before the end of October, 1933.

All enquiries should be addressed to the Local Secretary, Seventh Oriental Conference, Oriental Institute, Baroda (India).

DOLFUSS' ASSAILANT

An exclusive picture by Air of Rudolph Dertil, the alleged assailant of the Austrian Chancellor, being cross-examined by two police detectives during exercise in the courtyard of the prison in Vienna.

BAY STORM CROSSES COAST

Heavy Rainfall In North Madras Coast

POONA, October 18.

Bay storm crossed the coast this morning between Masulipattam and Cocoanada, and caused a generally heavy rainfall in the north Madras coast. Depression in the Arabian sea has become unimportant.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Orissa, north Madras coast, east Central India, east Central Provinces, south Hyderabad, Madras Deccan and local in lower Burma, east United Provinces, Berar, north Hyderabad Konkan and Malabar. A few falls occurred in Chota Nagpur, Bihar, Bombay Deccan and Mysore.

Chief amounts of rainfall are as follows: Port Blair, Victoria Point, one inch; Rangoon, Mergui, half; Chandbali, Balasor, one and half; Daltonganj, one; Cuttuck, Gaya, half; Jagadalpore, one; Pendra, three quarters; Gorakpur, Sutna, Amraoti, Kanker, half; Lucknow, Chanda quarter, Coconada, Raichur, four Gopalpur, Ratnagiri, three; Calingpattam, two; Vizagapattam Nellore, one and half; Cuddapah, three quarters; Hanamkonda, Chitaldurg, Kurnool, Anantpur, half; Karwar, Bijapur, Lary, Parbhani, quarter.

Forecast: Rainfall will decrease in Orissa and north Madras coast and will extend in Central Provinces and will increase in Hyderabad and south Deccan. Local rain will occur in Mysore Malabar and United Provinces.

Heavy Rainfall Warning: Locally heavy rain is likely in Hyderabad within next 48 hours.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, October 18.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 18|10|1933.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours .040 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at a.m. 80.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.5 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.4 degrees (0.1 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.0 degrees (1.6 below normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 72 p.c.

Total rainfall during the month 2.55 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 60.94 inches.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING.

Bombay, October 18.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.2 degrees F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.90 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.69 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading "0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

JHABWALA TOURS B. B. & C. Rly. LINE

Exhorts Workers To Join Employees' Union

Messrs. S. H. Jhabwalla and Marcell Fernandes have just returned after a long tour on the B.B. and C.I. Railway Line. They visited Bulsar on the 7th and addressed a huge gathering of the workers. From there the party proceeded to Dohad where a big meeting of the workers was held on Sunday, Mr. Jhabwala presiding and Messrs. Marcell Fernandez, D. L. Nandurbarker and others addressed the meeting. From Dohad the party proceeded to Rutlam where also a meeting of the workers was held. From Rutlam Mr. Jhabwalla returned to Bombay while Mr. Marcel Fernandez visited Godhra and Baroda.

In all these places Mr. Jhabwalla exhorted the workers to join the Union and thus strengthen its hands to put up a strong fight on their behalf against the administration for the redress of their numerous grievances and to resist any attack upon their rights, privileges and pay. The workers put a number of questions with regard to the activities of the Union which were all answered by Mr. Jhabwalla to the entire satisfaction of the workers. The workers also gave expression to a number of their grievances and wanted the Union to get them redressed.

BHAIYA STABBED

Quarrel Over Money Transaction Ends In Assault

Nagu Sayaji Wadi was the scene of a murderous attack on Wednesday morning on a Bhaiya who has been removed to the K. E. M. Hospital by the police. It appears that Murli and Ullapatti, two Bhayas who had monetary transactions for some time past had fallen out recently. On Wednesday at 6 a.m. when Ullapati was sleeping in his room, it is alleged, Murli stabbed him in the stomach with a clasp knife.

The cries for help of the victim brought his neighbours to the scene, who informed the police. The injured man was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where he is lying in a precarious condition.

HINDU DISGUISED LIKE PATHAN

Pyjama Betrays Culprit Who Entered Woman's Room

The police are making enquiries in regard to the antecedents of a Hindu youth, alleged to be a collegian, who disguised as a Pathan entered the room of a Hindu woman residing at Lady Jameshedji Road on Monday night, but ran away leaving his Pathan's pyjama behind, when an alarm was raised by the woman which attracted her neighbours.

The woman declared that a Pathan came into her room and when she raised an alarm, he took out his pyjama, false moustache and beard, and told her to keep quiet as he was a Hindu. The woman's shouts for help, however, brought a number of residents and her neighbours to her assistance and the pseudo-Pathan took to his heels.

The police on being informed took possession of the pyjama and subsequently traced the young man from the marks of a laundry company on the garment. police are investigating the case and in the meantime the arrested Hindu's identity is not disclosed.

Rubgy.—Daily attendances at the International Motor Show at Olympia London, so far show considerable increase on last year's and British Exhibitions report exceptionally brisk business. —B. O. W.

DEFAMATION CASE COMPOUNDED

Respondent Tenders Apology

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct. 18.

The case of defamation filed in the court of the City Magistrate of Thana by Mr. Louis Rodriques (43), President of the G.I.P. Railway Indian Institute of Thana, against Mr. Nickao Pascal D'Cunha (60), a municipal pensioner of Thana was compounded on Monday last.

Mr. G. B. Walavalkar, the pleader for the complainant, made an application to the court that on the intervention of friends the respondent having tendered an apology to his client, the case might be allowed to be compounded.

The Magistrate granted the request after asking the respondent to sign the application.

WESTERN INDIA LIFE CO

The nineteeth report of the Directors for the year ending 31st December 1932, shows that:

During the year under report 3416 proosals were made to the Company for assuring sums amounting in aggregate to Rs 42,51,000. Of this number 3051 have resulted in policies and the remainder have been either rejected withdrawn, postponed or are awaiting payment-of-ademium. The total new business effected during the year amounted to Rs 37,12,552 the annual premium thereon being Rs. 1,95,662.

In spite of the world-wide commercial depression continuing throughout the year the Directors note that the Company has made very satisfactory progress. As a result of the year's working a sum of Rs 6,72,591 has been added during the year to the Life Assurance Fund.

HINDU INSTITUTE OF MUSIC

The students of the Shri Swami Samarth Gayan Vadan Vidyalaya gave a variety entertainment on the occasion of the Annual Prize Distribution of the institution before a large audience on Saturday last in Wilson College Hall.

Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhathankar, Chairman of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee who presided expressed her genuine appreciation of the high standard of music and acting displayed by the children.

After the variety programme the report on the working of the institute was read. It showed that the school was founded about six years ago by Miss Shyamala Mazgaonkar for the teaching of music and the training of musical appreciation among children. The institution has, during the past 6 years of its life, been training many poor children—free of charge.

The students of the Institution gave in February last a Charity concert at the Royal Opera House, the proceeds of which went to help the Women's Co-operative Society. The present function was held to distribute prizes to the children who took part in that concert and made it a success.

It was a happy coincidence that Dr. Sukhtankar who had presided at the concert was also present to give away the prizes.

BOMBAY GAZETTE

Notification Of Civil Appointments

The Bombay Government Gazette, dated October 19, publishes the following:

Mr. A. [illegible] Caffin is appointed to be Superintendent of Police with effect from the 22nd September 1933, vice C.C.C. Pegge retired.

Rev. J. W. R. Rutledge, whose services are being placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay by the Government of India, to be Second Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Bombay, from the date on which he takes charge of the appointment.

Rev. D. F. Mackenzie is confirmed as Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bombay, from the 3rd August 1933, vice the Reverend G. E. Dodd.

The Hon. Mr. J. A. Shillidy, C.S.I., I.C.S., is granted from 25th October 1933, leave on average pay for one month and 19 days followed by such leave on half average pay as will bring the total period of absence to one year.

Mr. D. G. Chambers, I.C.S., is granted leave on average pay from 21st September to 21st October 1933.

The leave on average pay for two months granted to Mr. J. F. Rego, B.A., J.P., Senior Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Public Works Department is further extended by similar leave for one month on medical certificate.

Mr. F.O.J. Roose, M.I.M.E., M.I.E.E., F.C.S., J.P., Electrical Engineer to Government is directed to be in charge of the duties of the Executive Engineer, Electrical Division, and Electrical Inspector, Bombay, in addition to his own, during the absence of Mr. R. G. Higham, M.I.E.E., J.P., on leave, with effect from the 30th October 1933.

Mr. Higham on return from leave to resume his appointment as Executive Engineer, Electrical Division, and Electrical Inspector, Bombay, relieving Mr. Roose of the additional charge.

QUEEN OF SUBURBS

Collector Pays Tribute To Bandra Municipality

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Oct. 16.

"Bandra is fairly among one of the foremost in the rank of Municipalities. It is a shining example to the other bodies. I do hope that she will adequately meet the added responsibilities which she may have to shoulder" This tribute to the "Queen of the Suburbs" was paid by Mr. Alfred Master, the Collector of Bombay and the Suburbs at the reception held in his honour yesterday evening at the Bandra Town Hall.

There was a distinguished gathering of the prominent citizens of Bandra. Among the guests were Dist. Magistrate, Rao Saheb Kulkarni, Prof. V. G. Rao, Mr. J. B. Fernandes, Under Secretary to Govt. Rao Bahadur Tawde, Messrs. Doctor, Smith, J. R. Athaide, and Mr. and Mrs. Leo Rodrigues.

FIRST TO HOLD DUAL POST.

Prof. Almeida rose to welcome Mr. Master and to express on behalf of the well-wishers and admirers of Mr. Master, the gratitude for the good work done during his Collectorship. Prof. Almeida stated that Mr. Master was the first to hold the combined post of Collector of Bombay as well of the Suburbs, and in this capacity he tackled the problems in a masterly manner.

Referring to the amalgamation of the suburban bodies, Prof. Almeida said, "At first there was some opposition to any proposal for amalgamation, prompted by local patriotism, but that opposition, under the dynamic influence of Mr. Master, has gradually melted away and it has now become possible for the Government to put before the Suburbs a scheme of amalgamation which is likely of acceptance."

Prof. V. G. Rao of the Bombay Corporation associated himself with the expressions of Prof. Almeida, and referred specially to the tact which Mr. Master displayed in the question of the distribution of seats in the Khar ward.

SHINING EXAMPLE.

Mr. Master in replying appreciated the kind words spoken of him and said that it was unfair to ask him to make a speech. He admitted that he had the honour of being the first Collector to hold the dual post, and that he had received very encouraging collaboration from the Local Bodies. He then paid a glowing tribute to the efficent administration of the Bandra Municipality which was a shining example to the other bodies. He hoped that she would be able to meet the added responsibility of the amalgamation. "It was the cherised idea of Government to initiate a scheme on the lines of a greater Bombay as it exists in England. I therefore hope every suburban will contribute his quota to this idea."

Mrs. Almeida, the lady "mayor" then garlanded the Collector and the guests were treated with refreshments. After this Mr. Master was introduced to the guests.

THE FESTIVE LIGHTS OF DIWALI

will give you more pleasure if they shine in romantic colours

THE ROMANCE OF BEWITCHING COLOURS

To see you well off in DIWALI

INDIA'S and PRABHAT'S 1st MULTI-COLOUR MASTERPIECE

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Mr. NIMBALKAR,
Mr. MANE,
Master VINAYAK.

The Star Artists of PRABHAT

DON'T FORGET THIS BIG TREAT!

at the KRISHNA CINEMA

TO-DAY at 3, 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

COLOURS—The charm of UNIVERSE

M. C. C. Batsmcn In Brilliant Form

Tourists Knock Up 362 For 8 Wickets Declared
Walters Scoring First Century Of Season

In the second match of their tour on Wednesday the M C. C. players struck brilliant batting form and had scored 362 for eight wickets at the end of the day's play, when Jardine declared the innings closed.

WALTER'S CENTURY.

The opening pair crossed the century mark for the first time and the first individual century of the tour was scored by Walters, who knocked up a brilliant 101 in 160 minutes.

Bakewell, who opened the innings with Walters missed his century only by four runs.

THE TEAMS

M. C. C.	KARACHI XI.
Jardine	J. Naoomal (Capt.)
Valentine	Palsetia
Walters	Gopaldas
Marriott	Irani
Levett	M. J. Mobed
Human	D. J. Mobed
Verity	J. V. Dalvi
Bakewell	Ramachandra
Nichols	Doulatram
Townsend	A. Shanker
Mitchell	B. D. Shankar

Gregory is twelfth man.
Col. Bird and P. R. Singh acted as umpires.

The second match of the M.C.C. tour against a Karachi XI opened here to-day in warm and bright weather.

Jardine who omitted Langridge, Elliott, Barnett, Clark and Gregory again won the toss and sent in Walters and Bakewell to open the M. C. C. innings against the bowling of Palestia and A. Shanker.

Walters square cut for 2 the first ball sent down by Palsetia who opened from the pavilion end with the sun behind him.

BAKEWELL IN FORM

Palsetia was maintaining a length which to many would have been difficult to score from, but to Walters and Bakewell it appeared to present no difficulties.

Bakewell revealed a form which he had not touched in either innings of his first match, and when after fifteen minutes play 35 were singnalled the Northants man had collected no less than 24 out of them.

Walters was frequently opening his shoulders especially to Shankar Ansulkar to make some hard drives, but the ball generally went into the fielders' hands.

RAPID SCORING.

At 37 Naoomal wrung the first change displacing Shanker Ansulkar with Irani, a medium fast left-hander, who twice beat Walters in successive overs though narrowly missing the stumps on each occasion.

Bakewell however did not allow any ball to get past his bat, but continuously gave a demonstration of quick footwork which enabled him to score off good length bowling.

He was particularly strong on the legside his clever placings frequently beating the field on both sides of wicket.

Fifty was signalled in 38 minutes and in the sixties Bakewell was leading by about 10 runs, but the Worcestershire Captain then quickly overhauled his colleague with some hard drives along the carpet, and at 80 was himself leading by two runs.

At 82 when Walters was 42 Palsetia dropped a hot catch in the slips off Gopaldas.

NAOOMAL MISSES CHANCE.

In spite of repeated changes the score went up at fairly brisk rate and at 12-25 p.m. when the innings lasted 85 minutes the first century partnership of the tour was registered. Both batsmen were visibly affected by the great heat and glare and appeared to make a couple of bad strokes

Off one of these Bakewell narrowly escaped being caught by Naoomal at square leg off an uppish stroke which landed between two fielders. Bakewell was then 77 The ground fielding however continued to be keen. Naoomal B. D. Shankar and M. Mobed at mid-off were occasionally seen to advantage against the hard driving of Walters.

At 1 p.m. after exactly two hours' play 150 was telegraphed, and at lunch the score was 162 for no wickets. Walters not out 76, Bakewell not out 86.

PARTNERSHIP BROKEN.

Palsetia and Irani began bowling on resumption of the play after lunch. As Bakewell's score crept up to century mild clapping accompanied his every stroke With two bounndary hits and a single he reached his individual 96 and faced Palsetia. The Northants man attempted to turn to fine leg Palsetia's first ball but missed it and was bowled leg stump (184-1-96). He was at the wicket for 145 minutes.

Bakewell had played practically a chanceless innings reaching the boundary nine times. Although not so spectacular in his ground shots as his partner, Bakewell had nevertheless given a more correct display, excelling in well placed shots on the legside. He was cheered on his way to the pavilion.

FIRST CENTURY OF TOUR.

Mitchell joined Walters and another expectant hum from the crowd accompanied the Worcestershire amateur's progress towards the M. C. C.'s first century score in India. Walters did not tarry long but quickly reached three figures with three singles and a brace off Irani. Clapping accompanying this feat had hardly died down when Walters lunged at half volley—the very next ball after reaching his century—and gave a chance to mobed at mid-off where the fieldsman brought off a fine catch at second attempt (206-2-101).

Walters had been at the wicket for 160 minutes for his century and had obtained most of his runs through a grand off drive and neat leg-glide reaching boundary in all seven times.

VALENTINE IN FINER FORM.

Townsend again failed with the bat giving a high catch to mid-off at 216, but Valentine struck an even finer form than in the first match (in which he scored 59), coming down heavily and in a decisive fashion on everything that was at all short of a length. Later both the batsmen hit out, Valentine twice lifting the ball over the fielders' heads to the boundary followed by a sixer each from either batsman, off Irani and Palsetia. Jagannath who was tried at 270 dropped a hot return catch from Valentine when the latter batsman had made 36. At the same score the Kent amateur was almost run out, a flashing return from Shankar at forward mid-on causing him to pay the penalty for taking a false start.

BRIGHT HITTING.

Bright hitting by both the batsmen was the feature of the game after tea. Mitchell reached his individual 50 in 100 minutes and Valentine in 65 minutes and the third century appeared on board after the innings had lasted 250 minutes.

Wickets now began to fall quickly and Jardine alone among the players was able to hold his end up. Mitchell and Valentine were out at 313 and 327 to catches by the Mobed brothers and two more wickets fell by the time the score had reached 354. Human failed for the third time, scoring only two runs. Jardine however took toll of the bowling and scored freely while other batsmen were falling. Eight minutes before closing time, with the fall of eighth wicket, Jardine declared with the score at 362 and stumps were drawn for the day.

SCORES:—

M. C. C.: FIRST INNINGS.

Walters c Mobed, b Irani	101
Bakewell b Palsetia	96
Mitchell c M. Mobed, b Shankar	53
Valentine c D. Mobed, b Palsetia	59
Jardine, not out	43
Human b Shanker	2
Verity c Palsetia, b Shanker	0
Nichols c D. Mobed, b Doulatram	1
Levett not out	0
Marriott did not bat	
Extras	4
Total (for 8 wkts.) declared	362

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Palsetia	30	4	66	2
Shanker	18	3	75	3
Irani	24	3	71	2
Doulatram	14	1	50	1
Gopaldas	8	0	29	0
Naoomal	6	0	22	0

A. H. BAKEWELL.

M.C.C. VISIT TO DELHI

Special Facilities Will Be Given To Press Correspondents

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18.

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Delhi and District Cricket (?) Association, Mr. F. T. Jones, presiding, detailed arrangements for the reception and entertainment to the M. C. C. team in Delhi were settled.

The President stated at the meeting that His Excellency the Viceroy had approved of the arrangements and programme, which had been communicated to Mr. Jardine, who had wired back his acceptance. These arrangement cover special facilities to be given to press correspondents, who are touring with the M. C. C. team.—A. P.

GIVING AWAY MINOR GIRL IN MARRIAGE

Father Contests Guardian's Right To Select Bridegroom

The question as to how far a Hindu father's right to dispose off his minor daughter in marriage is affected by the appointment of a court guardian for the minor under the Guardians and Wards Act was considered in a judgment delivered by Mr. J. Venkata Rao Pantulu, District Judge, West Godavari, writes the Ellore correspondent of the "Madras Mail."

The matter arose out of a dispute between the maternal grandfather of the minor girl, and her father who both claimed the right to choose a bridegroom for the girl. The maternal grandfather was appointed some years ago as guardian of the person of the minor girl, on his allegation that the girl's father, the respondent, was leading an extravagant and loose life. He applied for permission to marry the girl, now aged 14, to his own son, aged 23, and offered to bear all the expenses of the marriage himself. He could not marry the girl earlier as it would have been contrary to the provisions of the Child Marriage Restraint Act.

The respondent, father of the girl, opposed the proposed alliance on the ground that under the Hindu Law he had the sole and exclusive right of giving away his daughter in marriage to anybody he chose. Moreover, there was a custom in the Kamma community which prohibited girls from marrying their maternal uncles. The girl was in the custody of the petitioner, the maternal grandfather, and could not make a proper choice herself. Even the court could not act against or override the right of the father to choose a suitable bridegroom for his daughter

GUARDIAN'S RIGHT UPHELD.

His Honour observed in his judgement that under the Hindu Law marriage was a sacrament and had to be performed by the guardian of the person of the minor. If the court appointed a guardian for her, not only was a duty cast upon the guardian to propose a suitable a match for her but the guardian should obtain the permission of the Court. The petitioner was, therefore, entitled to ask the Court to sanct on the proposed alliance.

Dealing with the right of the father to dispose off his daughter in marriage. His honour observed that in he present case the evidence showed that the respondent had agreed on a previous occas'on to leave the choice to the petitioner, the g'rl's maternal grandfather Therefore, even conceding that the father had the right he claimed he must be deemed, in the present case, to have relinquished it in favour of the petitioner The respondent had given up his right and could not cla'm it now.

His Honour also observed that he had consulted the personal inclinations of the minor girl and found that she was agreeable to the proposed match. The respondent's plea that the g'rl's consent was not free but was obtained by coercion was not made out.

The Judge concluded: "The girl is well developed, is of marriageable age and is personally inclined to marry. I do not think that any coerc'on was used in obtaining her consent. Under the circumstances mentioned above, not only do I not consider the match proposed is an unsuitable match, but I think it is a desirable match which will conduce to the happiness, well-being and prosperity of the minor."

His Honour also thought that as the girl attained age it was neither desirable nor necessary that the direction given on a previous occasion that the girl should be taken every Sunday to her father's house should continue.

Who's Who In M. C. C. Team

NO. 5 E. C. CLARK

(Special To "Bombay Chronicle.")

Edward Clark, the Northamptonshire professional is one of the most formidable bowlers in first-class English cricket at the present time. He bowls fast medium left-handed, and can be as deadly as Larwood, the leg-theory expert. Clark has an economical run-up culminating in a somewhat ungainly but powerful delivery. Bowling round the wicket his action is less rhythmical than Larwood's, and he does not exploit the leg-theory much.

HIGH AVERAGES.

Clark was highly placed in the 1933 bowling averages. His statistics read as follows:—657.5 overs, 143 maidens, 1,714 runs, 98 wickets, 17.48 average. He took 4 wickets for 99 runs in the first innings against the West Indies in the Second Test at Manchester last July, but captured only 2 wickets for 64 runs in the second innings. He is not a good batsman but his fielding is sound.

SPEED MERCHANT.

Clark represented England against South Africa at the Oval in 1929. When Jardine tries his speed merchants Clark will be given prominence in the attack. He is 31 years old and is endowed with the exuberance of youth. In December local cricket fans will be interested in the doings of Clark, who can make the bails and stumps fly at a record distance with his express deliveries.

E. C. CLARK.

Colah And Dadyseth Knock Up Centuries

Parsi Gymkhana Score 344 For Five Wickets In Holiday Match Against Elphinstone Club On Kennedy Sea Face

There was only one match on the Kennedy Sea-Face yesterday, when the Parsi Gymkhana entertained the Elphinstone C.C. in a two-day fixture. It was a hard day for the visitors, the home-side putting up nearly four hundred runs for the loss of five wickets.

F.K. Nariman and S.H.M. Colah opened the innings of the home-side. Both played a cautious innings, but at the same time left no loose ball unpunished. At 55 runs, the first wicket was down when Nariman was bowled by Captain for a well-played 37. Colah and Dadyseth then became associated and the second wicket partnership realised 165 runs when Colah left after a meritorious innings of 116. He played with refreshing freedom and several times reached the ropes with well-placed shots. Dadyseth and H.N. Contractor then took the total to 372. Dadyseth was steadiness personified, but was very aggressive on occasions and collected 142 runs, easily the best effort of the day. H.N. Contractor has so far scored 78 with his wicket intact and holds a promise of another three-figure score of the innings. When stumps were drawn for the day, the total score had reached 394 for 5 wickets.

The match will be continued to-Scores:—

PARSI GYM. (1ST INNINGS).

F.K. Nariman	37
S. H. M. Colah	116
J. A. Dadyseth	142
H.N. Contractor (not out)	78
R.J. Jamsetji	1
G. G. Spencer	3
Billimoria (not out)	3
Total (for 5 wickets)	394

MRS. MOODY EJECTS MOVIE OFFER

Women's Champion Says She Will Return To Competitive Tennis

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.

Mrs. Helen Wills-Moody has announced that she will return to competitive tennis. She said that she would play in the American Championship next year.

She has not received any offers for turning professional, but has rejected a movie offer "because I am content to live as I do now" —Reuter.

PROFESSIONAL BILLIARDS

Davis Overhauls Smith And Secures Good Lead

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 17.

At Glasgow in the professional billiards match the following are to-day's closing scores:

DAVIS (in play)	2,103
SMITH	1,557

AIRMAN ULM'S FLIGHT

Australian Departs For Sourabaya

ALOR STAR, Oct. 18.

The Airman F. M. S Ulm arrived here and departed for Sourabaya.—Reuter's Special Service.

Quality Tells

Godrej New Patent Steel Almirahs

Our Patent methods of construction make the body of the Godrej New Patent Steel Almirahs very strong and give their doors of patent design having a "channel grip," such a secure fit that no burglars can open them and no insects, dust or flames of fire can pass inside. And our high class workmanship gives them such a nice appearance and attractive finish that they add dignity to the best home or office. There is nothing else like them on the market.

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CHIT FUND AT BOMBAY OFFICE

We have pleasure to announce the starting of our popular monthly auction Chit Fund at our Bombay Office. Chit Fund is a better kind of Prudential Deposit. It forces you to make a saving and it helps you to raise ready loans for emergency and payable in monthly instalments.

The Scheme to terminate in 25 months

DATE OF FIRST AUCTION 11th NOVEMBER, 1933

Applications for membership received upto 6th Nov. '33.

Write to or call at our Bombay Office for detailed information and for Rules and application forms.

S. NARASIMHAN, Manager (Bombay Office).
K. C. EAPEN, B. A., Managing Director.

INCREASE IN ORDINARY RETURN

Good Improvement In British Finances

LONDON, October 17.

Further improvement in national finances is revealed in the Exchequer Returns, showing ordinary return from 1st of April to 14th of October of £296,756,000 or £6,505,000 above that for the corresponding period of the last year, while expenditure of £356,668,000 showing a reduction of £380,67,000.—Reuter's Special.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1933

UNITED FRONT AGAINST W. P.

The debate in the Y.M.I.A. Parliament of Madras on the need for a united front in the country does not seem to have been a mere academic affair. The adoption of the resolution declaring it essential for all political parties in the country to unite and work together for Swaraj is one more sign of the growing desire for a united front. On the Congress side that feeling was forcibly expressed by Pandit Malaviya's recent manifesto appealing for a National Convention to explore the possibilities of united action. Mr. Srinivasa Sastri must have had that manifesto in mind when in his presidential remarks at the Madras debate he strongly supported the plea for unity.

THE FIRST TASK.

We do not know whether Mr. Sastri's attitude may be regarded as an indication of the Liberals' support to Pandit Malaviya's proposal. It may be safely assumed by now that a large number of Congressmen and other Nationalists strongly support Panditji. But there will be some real difficulty in the actual formulating of a plan of common action. It is not easy to reconcile the attitudes of the moderate Liberals and the radical Congressmen. Mr. Sastri wants a united political formula for all political parties. If by that he means a common formula with regard to India's political goal and also the methods of achieving it, the task is an impossible one, unless the Liberals agree to accept the Congress creed in its entirety.

But the *immediate* task before the country is not so wide. That task is to compel Government to revise the very basis of the White Paper scheme in accordance with the national demand and to make it clear that the White Paper is wholly unacceptable to any party. In this task it should be possible for earnest men, who disapprove of the White Paper scheme to co-operate. That does not call for any sacrifice by any co-operating party of its independent existence with its own ideal and general policy. In short it should be possible for all Nationalists to deal with that scheme as they dealt with the Simon Commission only a few years ago. If they achieve the same measure of co-operation, they will also achieve at least the same measure of success as before and compel Parliament to abandon the scheme.

WILL LIBERALS JOIN?

The question is whether the Liberals are ready to co-operate in resisting the White Paper constitution. That they have again and again declared the scheme to be unacceptable is well-known. But in the past they have often meekly submitted to many unacceptable things. Even now they do little more than pass resolutions condemning the White Paper. And some of them seem to be already reconciled to its main features and are appealing for only slight modifications. Such an attitude will only be a source of weakness to those with whom the Liberals may wish to co-operate. If the Liberals are in earnest about resisting the White Paper scheme, they must be prepared to work a practical programme of action.

CONGRESSMEN MUST MEET.

Whatever may be the prospects of the Liberals making common cause with the other political parties, even on a limited front, it is possible and necessary for all Congressmen to unite in fighting the White Paper. Unity among them may well pave the way for a wider unity. What should be the united Congress programme is a question that can be satisfactorily and authoritatively solved only by the All-India Congress Committee and not by one or two leaders, however eminent. That is precisely why Pandit Malaviya has appealed for a meeting of that Committee.

It is a pity, however, that neither Gandhiji nor Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will convene a meeting unless one is formally requisitioned. If there is any serious difficulty in securing the necessary number of signatures from the A.I.C.C. members, it is highly desirable for Pandit Malaviya himself to take active initiative in the matter. The talk of nation-wide unity of action is futile if Congressmen themselves do not meet to compose their own differences.

Sikhs' Right Lead

At the Joint Session of the Khalsa Darbar and the Central Sikh League, President, Master Tara Singh, gave the right lead to his community and asked them to reject the Communal Award and White Paper, as instead of broadening the liberty of the country, and their particular community, this political "advance", as he calls it, will merely retard it, and what is worse will create needless discensions between one community and another. The Sikhs, therefore, had no alternative but to reject the White Paper and with it the Premier's Communal Award whose only object seems to be to divide the country into so many watertight compartments. The award has made the solution of the communal problem infinitely more difficult, one result being that communities which are to benefit at the expense of others are less willing than ever to consider any scheme which will bring about an equitable solution of the whole question.

There is only one way out and that is for the communities themselves to find an agreed solution. The best way to do this is to come to some sort of understanding between the leaders themselves, and present the country and the Government, with a complete scheme. If this can be done no Government, however powerful, will be able to flout the united wishes of the people. That is the only way of bringing about communal unity in the country for which no sacrifices can be too great. Once communal unity is achieved, everything will be possible and India's political progress will be rapid.

We are aware it is a difficult ideal to attain, but it is worth almost any price that has to be paid. The Punjab is the worst sufferer in this respect. All the three communities,—Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs, are dissatisfied with the Communal Award. Attempts have been made to bring them together, but they have failed. So long as Indians do not bring to bear on the question that amount of good-will and self-sacrifice necessary for the purpose, it will not be possible to come to a settlement.

Master Tara Singh expressed his concern for the Maharajah of Nabha, whom the country has almost forgotten. It is a mystery to the public why he is still kept a close prisoner, while his enemies are prospering and are free to go about where they please. The Government of India have failed to satisfy the public on this score, and the time has come for the Sikhs to make their voice felt. They must demand the return of the Maharajah to his State and that immediately. It is curious that while the Political Department should pamper some Princes, it should go out of its way to suppress others. At any rate the case of the Maharajah of Nabha requires to be reopened and justice meted out to a grievously wronged man.

How The Money Goes

The administration of the Irrigation Works in the Deccan and Gujarat for the year 1931-32 continues to be as unsatisfactory as before, and the public scarcely get any return on the money they have sunk in these works. The total amount devoted to these works comes to Rs. 19,47,87,688, and the net return came to only Rs. 8,87,317 on the basis of assessment and Rs. 3,45,837 on the basis of realisation. We are appalled at the gap between the capital and the return.

The position is very grave and requires the most earnest attention and best efforts of the Government. We have failed to note any change in the Government policy however, and year after year, the income from this source has been dwindling. The Government had appointed a Committee of officials and members of the Council, but we are afraid its report was not very helpful to anybody.

We are led to believe that most of these works were undertaken without sufficient inquiry, or that the actual expenditure was very much in excess of the estimates. However that may be, the Government cannot continue to neglect the matter. We are amazed at the inefficiency displayed in this matter by the bureaucracy, and the public have a right to demand a better return on their money.

We are more amazed at the colourlessness of the Government Resolution, which merely summarises the report without committing to itself to any definite view. Surely the present state of things calls for some heart-searching, whether in the Secretariat or in some other Government Department. More than 1,047 lakhs have been sunk in this stupendous enterprise which means a debt of about Rs. 4 for every person in the Presidency. Then there is the Sukkur Barrage, in building which another huge sum has been spent. There too we have no hope whatever of getting any return for a long time to come, despite all the bright promises held out by the Government. The public should demand an enquiry into the whole business of irrigation schemes.

Press Views

What A Change !

It is, frankly, impossible to congratulate Bhai Parmananda on his address to the Hindu Mahasabha at Ajmer, which is neither statesmanlike, nor patriotic nor even courageous. True it does not lack in audacity of a kind. For instance, he dubs non-communalists as cowards. The charge is so patently absurd that even Bhai Parmananda should have hesitated to prefer it. But he did not. There is only one word that can describe that charge.

The address is not statesmanlike. Obsessed with communalism Bhai Parmananda cannot possibly realise that appeal to communal passions benefit neither Hindus nor Muslims. He is too blinded by prejudice to see beyond his nose, so to speak. He would, in fact, cut the nose to spite the face. For, he has actually gone the length of insinuating that if the Britisher were to transfer his affections from the present "favourite wife," Bhalji, on behalf of the Hindu community, would welcome him as its lord and master. This is an insult to the Hindu community. And it is an outrage on the National self-respect of every Indian. What a change from Bhai Parmananda the brave patriot of yore to the Bhai Parmananda, the courageous communalist of to-day!—"National Call."

Counter-Communalism

It may be a useful election weapon to rouse up communal prejudices, but that is not the way to work for the political advancement of the country or fight the evils of a vicious communal constitution. The urgent need to-day is to crtate a truly national consciousness in the people which will rise above all communal distinctions and work for the common good of the country. Communal unity may not be an accomplished fact to-day, but so long as the ideal is kept in view and the people's leaders work steadily in that direction, it will not be long before our efforts are crowned with success. It is not only absurd, but it is bound to be harmful to the country, to fight communalism by any kind of counter-communalism. That we are afraid, is the mistake which Bhai Parmanand is making.—"Swarajya."

Need Of The Day

What is needed to-day is to gather together all the forces of the Congress and unanimously fight for India's right to self-determination. A constituent Assembly can no doubt fully serve the purpose of drawing up a constitution, but until the necessary sanction is secured no paper scheme can have any validity. It is all very well for Pandit Jawaharlal to enunciate the ultimate ideals of Indian nationalism, but the service that he renders to the nation by his analysis recently published in the press is only limited to the thought-world, where even it is not new. What he, as a practical politician, should do or would do, he has not made clear. Nor is he helping in others making it clear. When he brushes off others as only concerned with little things, he is only showing a supercilious attitude, not in keeping with his position as a leader of the nation. That position he should utilise to further the cause of the nation and not merely to stick to certain fads. "New Orissa."

TORIES GAME IN INDIA

Vested Or Open Dictatorship

By "SAROJINI KELKER."

An interesting game is being played between the two sections of the Conservative Party of Great Britain over the Indian Federal Constitution, and the latest Party Conference at Birmingham has made it more exciting than ever before. According to the Churchill-Lloyd group the Federal Constitution would send the Empire to pieces, and worse still, India be reduced to chaos and anarchy; the Baldwin-Hoare group assure the Tories of their statesmanship and ability to frame a scheme without an imperial crash and rightly announce that everything would be safe under the safest of all constitutions.

On the basis of the "fear" that the Federal Concept would be jeopardised through die-hard opposition the "Times of India" and other imperialist journals summon a rally round the Charter of Indian Liberty lest India lose it through sheer cussedness. The Indian nationalist can have no difficulty in seeing through the game. The rank and file Congressmen, who had boycotted the Round Table Conference, are called upon to stand solidly for a constitution, whose worst features were undreamt of by them when declaring the boycott.

MUCH DEEPER

The Conservative game is, however, much deeper than to hold up the supporters of the Federal Constitution as the champions of India's liberty and to rally mass opinion in support thereof. Nearly six years have passed since our rulers entered on the holy pilgrimage of one step forward to the realisation of responsible Government in India. The Simon Commission arrived in India in early 1928, its report, conveniently delayed, did not see the light of day till the beginning of 1931. In the meanwhile the knights of the Round Table were summoned to be the midwives of Indian Liberty.

The Indian Liberals wanted one Round Table Conference, they got three instead. They wanted a voice on the Joint Parliamentary Committee, and they got it to the point of exhaustion. But the constitution is nowhere in sight. Why all this delay in framing a constitution that is definitely in the interest of imperialism? It is the same reason as led to the failure of the Disarmament Conference, the World Economic Conference, the Ottawa Conference, the British Empire Conference and a host of other Conferences during the last seven years.

THE SLIPPERY SLOPE

Capitalist-imperialism has been sliding down a slippery slope. Inter-imperialist rivalries have been consequently sharpened as never before. There is a fierce rivalry among the great Powers of the world to keep up their old status, and, if possible, overtake their rivals. The banking, trade and commercial relations have been thus swiftly changing ground. The line of alliances, the balance of power has been quickly changing.

England herself has been rapidly losing ground as a first class Power. Any reader of the famous work "America Conquers Britain" would be astonished at the extent of the collapse of British capitalism. France is miles ahead of England as a world power. All this makes British Capitalism more greedily than ever before. (Note the gold export, silver deal, the textile discussions, the Ottawa Agreement, the foreign loan conversion tactics).

NO CONCESSION

This makes it impossible for Britain to give any real concessions even to the upper classes in India. All she can do in the position to-day is to present

(Continued on Page 7).

Frankly Speaking

NO END TO IT?

One wonders if there is no limit to Japan's dumping methods and how she can afford them.

Her latest attempt is to dump on India the very rice which she bought from Burma about two years ago. She has already sold to this country a consignment of 7,000 tons and is understood to have formed a plan of dumping in all 100,000 tons of old rice at very uneconomic prices.

The plan is probably not merely to dispose of old stock but also to depress the market in India and Burma and then to buy new rice at very low prices.

Sudden sales of huge quantities of rice are bound to depress the prices of other cereals like wheat, jawari and bajri. The Indian Merchants' Chamber says that prices of these commodities have already been depressed by Japanese dumping.

It is time the Government took up this question seriously at the Simla parleys.

PERSECUTION.

The authorities at Midnapur have long tried almost every kind of repression, but instead of wisely admitting the futility of their policy, they continue to devise fresh methods of repression.

Their latest fiat compels every Hindu resident of the Notified area in Midnapur to report within 24 hours of his arrival and departure and also every Hindu Bhadralog youth aged between fourteen and thirty to report his movements to and from his house.

Harassing the people in this way distracts the police from their main work and makes it easier for the real culprits to evade them in a non-Hindu guise.

Moreover, the galling discrimination against one community is bound to make their voluntary earnest co-operation extremely difficult. Yet without such co-operation it is impossible for the Government to root out Terrorism.

WHAT IS WRONG IN RAMPUR?

According to Mr. Masood Shah, Secretary of the Rampur State Peoples' Association, the situation in Rampur is very grave, and there is a strong agitation against the present regime.

In the first week of October, it is stated, over 100 arrests were made and the persons locked up; later 15 were detained and only two sentenced to one month's R. I. The remaining 13 were refused any legal aid, and must still be in the lock-up.

Again 20 men and a boy were arrested, and all excepting the boy were discharged. We wonder why all these arrests are made promiscously and then the persons discharged.

There must be something radically wrong with the whole regime in Rampur, and somebody should bring the Nawab to his senses before the Government of India descend upon him.

MADURA JAIL SCANDAL.

According to the "Hindu" correspondent of Madura a picketer of a toddy shop who was transferred to the Madura District Jail a fortnight ago died there on the 12th. The volunteer who was aged 22 and was suffering from bacillary dysentry was admitted into the jail hospital only the previous day.

His condition became worse on the morning of 12th and the District Medical Officer with his assistant visited the jail and examined the patient. This seems to suggest that the unfortunate man was until then left without proper care.

It is also stated that no information was given of the death of the prisoner to any one, on the ground that he had no relations in Madura.

It is alleged also that there was a lathi charge, which the Superintendent denies, and overcrowding of prisoners, together with grouping of politicals with ordinary criminals.

THE "GUJERAT SAMACHAR"

In a recent issue we made a reference to the "Gujarat Samachar" as "an official organ", which had "not earned a very great reputation for reliability."

We were in error. We had in mind another journal, which answers the description, and is too well-known to be named.

The "Gujarat Samachar" is a nationalist paper, which has always supported the Congress.

We very much regret the mistake and offer our apologies to the "Samachar".

Readers' Views

MANOEUVRES OF BOURGEOUS LEADERSHIP

From G. Sapre, C.P. Berar Workers' Party and S. G. Tamketkar, Sec., Young Workers' League.

We have been accused of several outrages, breach of promise and what not by the conveners of the so-called Youth Conference and its President, Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya. It is now essential that the public ought to know the true facts.

We had sent as our delegates to the Conference men who were not only born and brought up in Berar but who are still working in Akola, Ellichpur, etc., and had suffered heavy sentences at the hands of the Government for their work among the masses of Berar. But these delegates were refused admission on the sham plea that they were Youth Leaguers from C. P.

On the other hand Mr. Vaidya, the Secretary of the very Conference is a member of the Nagpur Youth League Executive Committee. The Young Workers therefore recorded in their meeting (held under the auspices of the C.P. Berar Workers Party) that, though they had no confidence in the paper resolutions of the petty bourgeoisie, they would forward two resolutions to this Youth Conference. These were however rejected by the Subjects Committee. The Young Workers, therefore, in order to establish their right as Youths of this province, demanded entrance and right to move their resolutions in the Conference.

In spite of physical force used against them they succeeded in effecting an entry in the Theatre. Having failed in their attempts to keep us outside the Conference, the organisers discreetly took the very next step. Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya at once tabled her "programme" in the form of the resolution, which pretended to include some of our demands and got it passed. Thus she tried to checkmate us on the question of our "demands" resolution. The conveners and mill-owners sitting inside the Conference were greatly perturbed by the Young Workers' entry and they sent for the Mill Manager and the Mill Watchmen and Pathans to terrorise the workers.

One young worker was roughly handled by some of the Volunteers and Mill Pathans, and told that he would be handed over to the Police. Thus the organisers of the Conference relied on the imperialist protection against the working class.

The President requested us not to indulge in personalities in our speeches when moving the resolutions. We agreed, but when speaking on the need of the working class leadership in the fight for Independence we were forced to show how the Congress Bourgeoisie is dependent on the protection of British Imperialism and lives in mortal terror of mass risings. We were also forced to show how the Gurwahlis were betrayed by the Congress and how in order to ensure protection from this danger Gandhi spoke in his famous Army speech that he "looked to these British Officers to tell the British Army that they are here against internal insurrection". We explained to the Conference what this internal insurrection is. This upset most of the devotees of Gandhi and in order to pacify them Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya in her concluding speech (when no chance was left to us to contradict her) criticised us for having broken our promise. She assisted two of the Gandhi-ites in casting aspersions on Com. Jaywant but they failed to disprove our statement nor could they defend Gandhi's "Army" speech.

The resolution moved by us was of course rejected. But we had no illusions about this. We only wanted to expose the manoeuvres of the Bourgeois leadership which is frantically trying to retain its reactionary influence on the petty bourgeoisie intelligentsia and to mobilise them against the workers.

"Chandragupt"

Mr. G. I. Patel (Ahmedabad millowners' Association) requests us to state that he was the author of a series of articles in the "Gujarati Punch" published over the "nom-de-plume" of "Chandragupt" but he is not the author of the article on "Needed Reforms in Ahmedabad Hospitals" which was published in a recent issue under the same "nom-de-plume."

VIOLATING THEIR PLEDGE

From British Rate-Payer.

The letter from Mr. A. F. Francis appearing in your issue of yesterday's date is a glaring specimen of confused thinking. The writer says, "Why should there be anyone at all always on the look out for what we Goans are doing and then to criticise us in the press."

If by "we Goans" the writer means Portuguese subjects, he may rest assured that the British Catholic subjects have no desire whatsoever at all to interfere with their activities, unless, of course, they dabble in the politics of the land. But, when a British Catholic subject interferes or is called upon to interfere with the affairs of foreign subjects, he is necessarily involving other Catholic subjects of His Majesty and we have every right to criticise the conduct of all such meddlers.

Capt. Jos. Alban D'Souza and Dr. Collaco are British subjects, and by naturalisation they have made an express declaration to the effect that they have no interest whatsoever in Goa and its politics. It is on this pledge they are to-day in the Bombay Legislative Council.

The proposed address to H. E. the Governor is being organized in the interest of Goan Portuguese subjects by the Goan Portuguese subjects. By their association with this address, Capt. Jos. Alban D'Souza and Dr. Collaco are directly violating the vital term of a pledge on which rests the legality and moral justification of naturalisation. Naturalised subjects are always supported by the children of the land of their adoption. They thrive politically and economically on their good-will and support. It is, therefore, their bounden duty to respect the sentiments of the children of the soil. And if they don't, it will be tantamount to a betrayal.

Senhor Francis must bear in mind that in British India there exists no such classifications as "Goan Catholics" and "non-Goan Catholics." He can write in this strain in Goa; but certainly not in British India. In British India Catholics are divided into two classes; namely, British Catholic subjects and Foreign Catholic subjects. The co-operation of the British Catholic subjects are not at all sought by the Government of Goa, and their interference with the matters concerning Portuguese subjects is resented by the authorities. That is exactly why Capt. Jos. Alban D'Souza and Dr. Collaco, in spite of their being two leading Goan British subjects, were denied a place in the "Emigrants Fund Committee," instituted by the Governor-General of Goa. Every member in this committee is a Portuguese subject. This incident clearly indicates the policy of the Government of Goa towards those of their subjects who have abandoned their fatherland.

If the Government of Goa think that Goan British subjects are unworthy of being included in the "Emigrants Fund Committee," British Catholic Citizens want Capt. Jos. Alban D'Souza and Dr. Collaco to realise that they are lowering the prestige of the Government under whom they are naturalised, by displaying unnecessary eagerness to function in an affair in which Portuguese subjects are solely concerned. "Verbum Sapienti."

NOT A KHADI SELLER

Incorrect Description In Report Of Surat Complaint Against Police Officer

With reference to a headline appearing in our issue of Sept. 29 last to a complaint alleging that the Surat police abused and ill-treated a "khadi seller" we learn on enquiry that the description is not correct. The woman who has complained is not a khadi seller but is the wife of a Bania who is being prosecuted for gambling. Police Sub-Inspector Solomon Sigaonkar had gone to search the house to find materials to support the charge that he kept a common gaming den. We understand that he and three others are being prosecuted under the Gambling Act in the court of the City Magistrate.

CEYLON LETTER

Anti-Indian Agitation In Ceylon

Few Ceylonese Determined To Foment Racial Bitterness And Drive Indians Out Of Island.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

It is now more than a week since Sjt. Kellappan the hero of Guruvayoor fame has arrived in Colombo; he addressed several public meetings mainly dealing with the Harijan movement and temple entry; the Desabhandu Society of Ceylon under the chairmanship of Mr. H. M. Desai had organised a public meeting on 3rd to celebrate the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi, when Sjt. Kellappan dwelt at length on the three cardinal tenets of Mahatma Gandhi's life, viz., charka, ahimsa and the removal of untouchability. In the Gandhi week, the Society imported from India pure hand spun and hand woven Khaddar which is being hawked and sold in Colombo: khaddar, however, requires to be popularised to the public of Ceylon by strenuous efforts

BUDDHIST CULTURE

Sir S. Radha Krishnan, Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University who arrived here on a special invitation from Don Alphina Ratnayaka Buddhist Trust, delivered a lecture on the philosophy of Buddha's life when a packed audience listened to him with rapt attention. Sir Radhakrisnan traced the route of Buddhist principles and quoted chapter and verse from Upanishadas. His lecture has been a source of great inspiration to the public of Ceylon. He was given a great reception in the Town Hall during his brief stay in Colombo, when he said that he was greatly impressed with the singular harmony prevailing in Ceylon among people following different creeds. This he pointed out, was an important factor in the rapid growth of a nation.

PEOPLE V. GOVERNOR

The news of the sudden death, on board s.s. "Carthage," of Sir Graeme Thomson, Governor of Ceylon, who was proceeding home for a short holiday came upon the public as a surprise. He was overtaken by sudden illness on board the ship, which necessitated his landing at Aden and taking shelter in the Hospital there. The attack was so serious that it proved fatal.

Sir Graeme being a firm believer in the Imperialism of the Rothermere and Churchill school of thought, could hardly work in harmony with the Reformed State Council of Ceylon, which is almost an elected body. He came in frequent clash with the Ministers and the State Council and had to take shelter behind his powers to certify many grants which were thrown out by the Council by an overwhelming majority. In fact, the entire administration, which extended a little over a period of two years, was a perfect failure. It is now officially announced that Sir Edward Stubbs, former Colonial Secretary, is succeeding as Governor of Ceylon.

FOMENTING RACIAL BITTERNESS

The exodus to India of Indian Immigrant Labourers in Ceylon during the period of 9 months ending 30th September amounted to 81,792 according to the statement issued by the Department of Labour. Of these, nearly 42,000 were repatriated at State expense, the rest returned to India at their own expense. Thus, the trade depression in Ceylon is having its full effect and a large number of Indian labourers are being regularly thrown out of employment; several of of them lost all contact with their mother-country and as such, they are completely stranded without any relief from unemployment. To add to this, the anti-Indian agitation is still carried on secretly by a certain section of Ceylonese determined to foment racial bitterness.

MALDIVE BOHRAS' SUFFERINGS

Indian Bohras in Ceylon who are largtly interested in the export and import trade with the Maldive Islands are greatly perturbed at the high handed and autocratic action of the Government of Maldive Islands who have launched a programme of restricting their trade activities and subjecting them to many disabilities. The apathy of the Government of Ceylon in this matter has further aggravated the tension and the Bohras apprehend a total loss of Maldive business which they have been controlling for the past 70 years. A certain section of the public of Ceylon, including a few members of the State Council have been actively and openly inciting anti-India feeling and they welcome the Maldive situation of elbowing the Indian Bohras out of the Islands, despite the fact that such attitude is neither going to help them nor bring them any share of the Maldive business.

The Indian Bohras in Ceylon, who so far never attached any importance to corporate life, have now formed themselves into an association styled as "Maldive Merchants' Association" and are trying to move the Government of India to bring pressure upon the Government of Ceylon.

Aboriginals & Legislatures

Practically Impossible To Exclude These Groups In Future Constitution Says Hoare

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The control of totally and partially excluded areas was discussed in full in the Select Committee yesterday when Sir S. Hoare gave evidence on sections 106 to 109.

It was made clear that the general intention was to continue on the present lines, only the Assam hill tracts to be totally excluded and with a few small exceptions, partially excluded areas would remain as at present. Governor will have a free hand in making regulations in such matters as police, good Government obtaining funds, prevention of alienation of land and withdrawal from courts cases involving tribal customs, but Sir S. Hoare thought he would certainly explain and discuss policy with ministers in any manner as far as partially excluded areas are concerned.

GROUPS OF ABORIGINALS.

Sir S. Hoare deprecated the introduction of central machinery administration expressing the opinion that direct connection with Governor would make for a sympathetic intelligent treatment. Concern was shown by questioners for the welfare of the scattered groups of aboringals living within the province proper.

Sir H. Craddock suggested the appointment of a special officer to supervise their protection. This plea reinforced by Sir J. Middleton who said he personally knew the aboriginal tribes formed a very special study.

SURPRISE FOR OFFICERS.

"I stayed with them several occasions in the Central Provinces and when I told my experiences to district officers they were surprised that I had come in contact with aboriginals, because they had never even seen them." Sir J. Middleton added, he believed there were certain tribes in four districts of the Central Provinces which are so elusive that unless a man knew them well he had never seen them.

Sir S. Hoare said, it is practically impossible to exclude these groups from the provincial legislature and pointed out that the present powers for dealing with them would continue, but undertook to consider Sir H. Craddock's suggestion though he doubted if the appointment was necessary in all provinces.

FOR BACKWARD AREAS.

Sir Hubert Carr inquired if provisions in regard to the backward areas could be applied if necessary to districts like Midnapur owing to terrorism and crime rendering the application of ordinary constitution inadvisable.

Sir S. Hoare: "No, these provisions deal exclusively with backward areas. They are not intended to go further."

Lord Lytton suggested that conditions in Chittagong hill tracts were analogous to those in Assam hill tracts and suggested the former should totally excluded.

Sir S. Hoare replied that decision on that question was in accordance with the views of the local Government and promised to consult again the Governor of Bengal.

VOTES FOR WOMEN.

Mrs. Eleanor Rathbone, M.P., supplemented the evidence of June 27 and expressed the opinion that whatever might be the administrative difficulties, they must be overcome in view of the extreme importance of giving Indian women a large extension of suffrage. She stressed this, probably the last opportunity for British Parliament people to exercise effective influence on future Indian women.

Col. Gidney's evidence has been postponed to November 10 in order to allow Sir S. Hoare to continue to-day and to-morrow.

The Committee begin discussions with delegates on October 20. Mr. Churchill gives evidence on 23rd October and probably also on 25th October and the Manchester Chamber of Commerce on 27th October.

Discussions will continue in the intervening days and final discussions will probably not conclude before November 16.—Reuter.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

KAPOLE DEATH.

BAI ZAVERBAI BHAGWANDAS Narotamdas died on Wednesday, the 18th October 1933 at 10-30 p.m. (B.T.) The Uthamna ceremony will be performed on Thursday, the 19th October 1933, at 4 p.m. (B.T.) at her place of residence, St. Vincent Ridge Road, Malabar Hill.

CHALLENGE TO POWERS

(Continued From Page 1).

ly relations between Britain and Germany, said President Hindenburg to whom Sir Eric Phipps the new British Ambassador presented credentials.

President Hindenburg appeared in the best of health, read the reply in a firm voice.

International co-operation is essential at the present time. He added, joint efforts could only be promoted on the basis of mutual trust.—Reuter's Special.

SIMON GOES TO SEE KING

Explains Disarmament Situation Before Cabinet

LONDON, Oct. 18.

Full attendance of Ministers reviewed the Disarmament situation at two hours' session of the Cabinet.

It is understood, the Cabinet heard from Sir J. Simon the explanation of circumstances leading to Germany's withdrawal from the Disarmament Conference and the League and thereafter, discussed the question of future policy and line to be taken when the Conference reassembles next week.

Another point believed to be discussed was Baron von Neurath's accusation that Sir J. Simon inadequately stated Germany's position to America and Von Neurath's repudiation of the view that Germany's disarmament demands had increased in the last few days.

It is understood the Cabinet considered the question of publishing documents to substantiate the accuracy of Sir J. Simon's statement.

Following the Cabinet meeting, Sir J. Simon went to Sandringham for audience with the King.—Reuter.

FINAL ACCEPTORS FOR CAMBRIDGESHIRE

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The following are the final acceptors for Cambridgeshires:—

Dastur, Limelight, Hill Cat, Disarmament, Denbigh, Andrea, Totaig, Chatelaine, Versicle, Raymond, Gino, Great Scot, Inverman, Hot Fight, Pommame, Alluvial, Eroica, Bow and Arrow, Young Native, Tartan, Town Crier, Diamantee, Coton-Easter, Seraph Boy, Galapas, Scattercash, Eau de Roses, Obesity, Inglesant, Stalky, Ole King, Sole, Manoeuvre, The Font, Effaceable, Rathlin Isle, Buckerell, Ailsacraig.—Reuter's Special.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Sir B. L. Mitter, Permanent Law Member, who returns from leave on October 26 will reach New Delhi from Bombay on Friday next.

Sir B. B. Ghose, Officiating Law Member, will make over charge by telegram on October 26 from Calcutta. He leaves Delhi on October 20 arriving at Calcutta the next day.

Major-General H. B. D. Baird arrived at Government House, Ganeshkhind, on Tuesday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Sykes attended a farewell "At Home" given by Sardar Nosherwan Dastur at Dastur Hall, on Tuesday.

ACTIVE BUSINESS IN U. S. MARKET

Upward Trend Maintained In Cotton On Renewed Buying

"CHRONICLE" SPECIAL.

Bombay, Wednesday, 11 p.m.

In the New York market cotton maintained yesterday's upward trend on renewed buying and business was fairly active due probably to further depreciation in dollar. However, higher level attracted a good deal of realizing and southern hedge selling with the result that advances were not fully sustained. Dealings in January opened at 9.31 i.e., one point lower than the previous closing but soon after prices sharply advanced on general buying influfenced by steadier Liverpool advices and the strength of Sterling rate gradually rising to 9.59. At this level vigorous southern selling and liquidation set in which fared down gains, January touching 9.41.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool wheat opened steady at 52-5|8, 55-5|8, 57-1|2, nearly a penny higher chiefly due to firmer advices from foreign markets and trading was fairly active with some good business passing.

LONDON EXCHANGE.

London Stock Exchange exhibited decidedly better feeling. Gild-edged serurities continued to be in good demand. Three-and-half per cent loan quoted at £86-1|4, 2 shillings higher than the previous closing.

London exchanges opened with Sterling-Dollar at 4.59-3|4 but soon eased to 4.58-1|4. However, later in the session, it began to appreciate.

Franc opened at 79.65 but immediately came up to 79.78. Thereafter it continued to rise steadily reaching 81.00.

SILVER.

Local silver opened quiet at 55|14, 55|15, 56|1. Prices eased due to the absence of demand but later in the evening market advanced sharply on the strength of London advices.

GOLD.

Gold opened steady at 32|11, 32|11|6, 32.12. Market developed considerable strength of short-covering influenced by steadier Paris exchange but subsequently weakness in the rate brought down the prices to 32|7|6, 32|8, 32|8|6 which were the ruling rates at the time of wiring.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Oct. 18.

Previous closing	4.58-5|8
To-day closing	4.53-3|8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 18.

Previous closing	4.55-3|4
To-day's opening	4.59-1|2
To-day's closing	4.57-1|2

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21 Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

JANUARY

New York, Oct. 18.

Previous closing	9.32
To-day's opening	9.31
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	9.21
Difference	—.11

BROACH EXPECTATION

April ..... Rs. 186

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

JANUARY

Liverpool, Oct. 18.

Previous closing	5.22
To-day's opening	5.30
Difference	+.08
To-day's closing	5.28
Difference	+.07

FRANC RATE

Paris, Oct. 18.

Previous closing	79.96
To-day's opening	79.65
To-day's closing	81.50

RIVAL FOR PETROL?

Col. Noel's Experiment May Revive Charcoal Industry

LONDON, October 18.

With the object of reviving the Indian charcoal industry, Colone. Edward Noel, Commissioner for Development for the North West Frontier left London for India in a motor car equipped with gas-producing plant and charcoal as the fuel. He asserts that prepared charcoal costing two pence per twelve pounds is equally efficient as petrol at 31 pence per gallon.

Col. Noel is accompanied by his wife and six others also using another car which is petrol-driven.

The trip will be made via Cannes, Rome, Brindisi and by boat to Haifa, thence via Baghdad, Quetta, where he hopes to arrive in the third week of November.—Reuter's Special

TORIES GAME IN INDIA

(Continued from Page 6.)

them with a toy, a make-believe scheme. But even the thin screen of democratic camouflage of the Hoare constitution may have to be ripped open in certain circumstances and open dictatorship established, as, for example, in the case of War or another financial crisis in India or the "mother country." And who can deny the grave possibility, almost a certainty, of another financial crisis and more serious international complication?

CAPITALIST DICTATORSHIP.

Europe is fast placed under capitalist dictatorship. In England such a step has been averted because of the huge capacity of capitalist press propaganda to mislead the electorate, but any day the electorate may see through the parliamentary machinery and the ruling class be forced to establish open dictatorship. In such circumstances if democracy becomes impossible in the metropolitan nation it will certainly be impossible in a subject nation with vaster revolutionary potentialities.

England is being prepared for Fascism. The Churchill group is gaining ground every day. Sir Oswald Mosely is raising a Fascist Army, whose strength is not revealed but can be easily gauged from the fact that money and arms are freely supplied from capitalist resources. The admitted annual income of the Party is £60,000, and it might be easily doubled and trebled. If the middle-class of England is thus being prepared for dictatorship —see the vast propaganda in its favour conducted at the moment —what chance has India for democracy? It is only a question of veiled or open dictatorship.

READY FOR BOTH

The game of the Conservative Party is to prepare for both contingencies. The voting strength of the Churchill group has been steadily increasing and at the right moment, if the circumstances need it, the whole Federal scheme will be over-thrown and open dictatorship declared. Then Hoare and his supporters can declare themselves the martyrs of Indian championship while the Churchill group carries out its imperial task.

Whether the dictatorship in India is veiled or open the task of radical Indian leadership is the same. It must realise that Hoare is preparing the path for the latter, if and when necessary. It must realise that imperialism simply cannot afford to establish democracy in India and that the only way out is for Indian leaders to look to their fields and factories for achieving national freedom.

OXFORD STUDENTS PREFER PRISON

Refuse To Be Bound Over For Joining Anti-War Demonstration

Albert Henry Hanson and David Floyd, undergraduates at Oxford, were sent to prison at Swindon in mail week. The youths, whose parents live in Swindon, took part in an anti-war demonstration at Swindon cinema when the film "Our Fighting Navy" was being shown.

With others concerned, they were ordered to be bound over to keep the peace but declined. When they were brought before the magistrate they were given another opportunity of being bound over as the other people taking part in the demonstration had been, but they still refused. They were each sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

White Settlers' Conspiracy?

Bhai Parmanand Throws Light On Miserable Plight Of Indian Colonists In Kenya & S. Africa Where Europeans Are Trying To Capture Legislatures

AJMER, October 18.

The second session of the Indian Overseas Conference was held to-day in the Mahasabha pandal. Mr. Chandkaran Sarda, Advocate, presided. Among the prominent persons present were Bhai Parmanand, Mr. Govil from America, Mr. Jairnani Mehta from Africa, Dr. Bhagatram from London. Mr. D. N. Sarma from Assam and Mr. Srikrishna Sarma from Fiji. There were also many delegates from Mauritius. The Conference passed five resolutions. They were all carried unanimously.

By the first resolution the Conference expressed its appreciation and admiration for the bold stand taken by the overseas Indians in the Colonies in facing the policy pursued by the various Colonial Governments and it declared that Indians would always stand by them in political religious and other struggles.

KENYA INDIANS.

The second resolution drew attention of the Government to the present situation of the Indians in Kenya and South Africa and urged it to safeguard their interests and privileges against the unjust demands of the white settlers. Bhai Parmanand in seconding the resolution gave a short history as to how Indians were taken to Colonies and how he himself had to face difficulties there. He added that in Kenya the white settlers were trying to capture legislatures with an overwhelming majority and the Government were supporting them. He dwelt on the miserable state of Indian colonists and assured the delegates present of his support for their cause.

COMMON FRANCHISE.

By the third resolution the Conference fully agreed with the just demands for a common electoral roll of the Fiji Indian Colonists and requested the Colonial Government to grant the principle of common franchise. In proposing the resolution Mr. D. N. Sarma (Assam) said that everywhere Indians were treated unjustly and the British Government were ignoring the just rights of the Indians at home and abroad.

The fourth resolution condemned the action of the Government in refusing to grant permission and passports to Mr. Srikrishna Sarma, and Swami Bhiwandi Dyal Sanyasi to go to Colonies in Fiji and South Africa respectively and demanded reconsideration of the matter. By the fifth resolution it was proposed to call in India a Conference of Indians overseas in order to remove their grievances. The President in bringing the proceedings to a close informed that the Mahasabha had opened a department for colonies with Mr. Dixit as its Secretary.

DEPUTATION TO GENEVA.

The Mahasbaha deputation to Geneva is expected to leave this month to place before the League the minorities case. Dr. Moonje who was to leave for India on October 25 was cabled as follows: "Wait as you, Dr. Radhakumud Mukerji and another Bengal representative would comprise the deputation."

Bhai Parmanand is leaving tonight for Calcutta instead of for Nagpur.—A.P.

STOP PRESS

ITALIAN LINER IN TROUBLE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.

A suit for 200,000 dollars has been brought against Italian shipping line by David Warshauer, a lorry driver, who alleged that the liner "Conte Biancamano" ignored his signals of distress when adrift on a rowing boat 50 miles out in the sea. His companion died of exposure and his own feet were amputated. Ignoring distress signals apparently contravenes an old International Law. The Court of Admiralty reserved judgment after Lloyd Sabaudo urged dismissal of the suit on the ground of insufficient evidence and also as the incident occurred outside the jurisdiction of the United States.—Reuter's Special.

REICH FIRE TRIAL

BERLIN, Oct. 18.

Supreme Court spent afternoon touring the underground tunnel connecting the Reichstag with the residence of the Reichstag President. Afterwards the press were conducted through the labyrinthine tunnel in which a stranger will easily lose way and is also difficult to walk quietly owing to the metal-plated floor. Reuter asked the Reichstag's chief Engineer Reisse conducting the party why it was supposed that incendiaries used the passage. Reisse expressed astonishment that such statement was made officially. Upon resumption of the trial, leader Goering's personal bodyguard related that on the night of fire he saw a man emerge from the building and look furtively towards two women who seemed to raise their hands. Later witness passed the woman watching Reichstag. She said, "Come on, it won't be long now."—Reuter's Special.

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KARACHI.

BERTRAND RUSSEL SOCIALIST, NOT COMMUNIST

Following Professor Einstein's recent statement that he had been the victim of a misunderstanding regarding the use of his name in connection with the Workers' International Relief, the Anti-War Movement, and other camouflaged Communist organisations exposed in the "Communist Solar System," a pamphlet issued by the Labour party, Bertrand Russell (Earl Russell) has issued a similar statement.

"I severed my connection with the Anti-War Movement some time ago as soon as I discovered that it was a Communist body in disguise," he writes. "This had been concealed from me at first by an impressive list of non-Communist names and by the title of the organisation, which, as I subsefuently discovered, by no means correctly represented its aims."

Mr. Russell adds that he is a Socialist and is opposed to Communism. "I do not intentionally associate myself with any movement inspired by the Communists," he adds.

DOUG. NOT TO DIVORCE MARY

CASA DALACA, Oct. 18.

Douglas Fairbanks on arrival here gave quietus to the report that Hollywood's "Ideal Couple" were going to divorce. He said he and Mary Pickford are going to remain married.—Reuter's Special.

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HYDERABAD STATE FOR "MULKIS"

Memorialists Complain Outsiders Prosper At Expense Of Sons Of Soil

The following are extracts from a memorial addressed to the Maharaja Sir Kishen Pershad, President, Executive Council, H.E.H. the Nizam's Government, by the citizens of Hyderabad:—

"While Mulkis holding high academic and professional qualifications of recognised British, European and the Osmania Universities are brooding away the most potential periods of their lives in trying to solve the Unemployment problem, and in watching its unhealthy repercussions on the political and economic fabric of the State, Non-Mulkis of lesser education and culture, fresh from one of the many Universities of British India, having no love for the Sovereign nor any real interest in the State, are being palmed off almost every day as genuine Hyderabadies on one department or the other.

PUBLIC SERVICES COMMISSION

"It is unfortunate that the power of making appointments is not vested in any convenient body of three or four persons such as the Public Services Commission in British India. But this power has been distributed among hundreds of officers, most of whom are non-Mulkis. Is it any wonder then that the wholesome principles governing employment are violated?

EXTENSIONS.

"It is noticed that every year extension of services is granted to officials who have reached the age of retirement. It is also seen that services of retired British officials are briefed for a period of say 5 years and after the expiry of that period extension after extension is granted to them. As a result of this, the younger generation is debarred from promotion to high posts.

DRAIN OF WEALTH.

"Apart from services, even Government contracts and other sources of earning a livelihood are reserved mostly for the non-Mulkis, which means that the money earned within the State is spent outside it. In the long run, this economically unsound policy is sure to prove highly detrimental to the State. Your Excellency would find on inquiry that being a Hyderabadee, instead of qualifying a youth for governmental favours actually acts as a great disqualification.

"It is now established beyond the shadow of doubt that it is one of the primary functions of a Government to provide every normal citizen the opportunity to earn a respectable living. Our Government could well have established various industries to raise the economic level of the State, incidentally providing hundreds of young men with jobs. The Railways and Mint between them can provide jobs for hundreds, but who is there to champion our cause?

LAWYERS' DILEMMA.

"Those of us who have obtained degrees in Law find that the profession is overcrowded by outsiders. Elsewhere, registration is practically confined to products of local universities. Why this whole some principle is not enforced here, is more than we can tell.

POOR OSMANIANS!

His Exalted Highness had inaugurated the Osmania University so that Hyderabad youths may be equipped as good citizens and serve their country and sovereign. What do we find? Instead of being welcomed and encouraged, these graduates are actulla treated with contempt. The jobs that they are offered do credit neither to their Alma Mater, nor to the sense of justice of the officers concerned. Still worse is the condition of the several thousand undergraduates and matriculates in the State. Even gratuities and life mansabs are given to non Mulkis. We have figures to prove this charge.

THOSE BROKEN HEARTS.

We beg to bring to your Excellency's notice that there are more than two hundred Mulkis prosecuting their studies in various subjects in Europe, with the cherished desire of serving their benevolent liege and country. It will surely break their heart when, on their return to their motherland, they will find the doors of employment and service closed to them.

APPEAL TO PRESIDENT.

"We pray most humbly and respectfully that a searching inquiry be instituted into this question through a commission of trustworthy Mulkis as early as possible to suggest ways and means for the amelioration of our lot. We will be only too glad to tender evidence before such a commission to substantiate our grievances. But we might respectfully suggest here that the first step in this direction should be to so modify the definition of the term "Mulki" as to leave no loopholes for the non-Mulkis either to pose otherwise, or to get themselves exempted.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

That the grievances of the Mulkis have a substantial basis in facts and figures will be apparent from a few salient statistics quoted below from the latest Government Civil List. The extent of injustice done to the sons of the soil may also be gauged from the following figures:—

There are about 75 officers drawing 1,500 and above. Out of these only 25 are genuine Mulkis, while the number of outsiders is 50, i.e. just their double. This means that 75 per cent. of the Heads of Departments are non-Mulkis. Including allowances of various kinds, the amount spent annually on these non-Mulki officials soars to the tremendous figure of Rs 12,85,000.

Among officers drawing between Rs. 700—1,200. 50 per cent. are non-Mulkis.

If your Excellency would graciously be pleased to go through figures departmentally, it would be found that the percentage of non-Mulki gazetted officers is very formidable indeed. Even in departments where the Mulki element predominates, more money is spent on the fewer non-Mulkis than on the many Mulkis.

A PARADOX.

For instance, the District Police has about 18 non-Mulki officers and 21 Mulki officers. The average amount drawn by a non-Mulki officer is about Rs. 955 per head per mensem, while the average per Mulki officer is Rs. 525. Take again the Osmania University. The number of non-Mulki gazetted officers is 48, as against 63 Mulkis. But the average expenditure per head on a non-Mulki officer is Rs. 650, while that on a Mulki officer is Rs. 460.

In the Commerce and Industries Department, the disparity is very striking. The seven non-Mulki officials draw an average amount of Rs. 1,365 per head, while the eleven Mulki officers draw only Rs. 400 per head, which does not work out even to 1/3rd of the former figure.

NON-MULKIS PREDOMINATE.

There are several departments, where non-Mulki officers predominate. A few of such we take the liberty to mention for the information of Your Excellency. They are the departments of Education, Mint, Agriculture, Drainage, Translation Bureau, etc.

A CAMOUFLAGE.

In giving the above figures we have relied on the Civil List alone. But we have reasons to believe that proper investigation would reveal that many of those who have given Hyderabad as their birth-place, were really born thousands of miles away.

It is a very significant fact that the column of birth-place is silent in respect of about 350 gazetted officers, 55 out of whom are serving the Education Department and the Osmania University.

Your Excellency, if such is the plight of Mulkis in the gazetted cadre, their percentage in the non-gazetted cadre can better be imagined than described.

AN EXPLANATION.

We, the educated Mulkis desire to emphasise that if we oppose the appointment of non-Hyderabadees in Public Services, it is not because we are lacking in any regard for, or friendliness towards, our British Indian friends. We realise that India is one indivisible whole, that Indians irrespective of their castes or creed, are brothers in every sense of the term, and that all separatist and fissiparous tendencies will ultimately melt away before the great conception of an Indian brotherhood, call it federation or call it by any other name.

We also realise how sincerely and honestly some of those British Indian Officers, who were selected by the late Sir Salar Jung served our Sovereign and our State in the past. All these factors are before us, as we appealing to your Excellency to stop further importation. The following are some of the reasons in support of our appeal:—

To begin with, we have now, thanks to the enlightened regime of our sovereign, acquired and developed a consciousness that was non-existant before. The result has been that the very thought that outsiders are needed to carry on our administration, hurts our sense of pride in the glory of our motherland. Further, it infuses an inferiority complex in us which is utterly demoralizing.

AWAY WITH BORROWED GREATNESS.

Moreover who but the very degenerate amongst us, would bear being told every now and then that it is outsiders who have made Hyderabad what it is to-day, that Hyderabad, without them would simply collapse like a house of cards. Sometimes we feel inclined to wish that Hyderabad would rather lose all its borrowed greatness than remain indebted to outsiders for it.

We are threatened, Sir, that if we stop further importation of Non-Mulkis in services or cease granting Life Munsubs to outsiders and financial aid to their institutions, our State will lose the Sympathies of Muslims outside the Dominions.

AN INSULT.

To begin with, we feel that this threat implies an insult to the sincerity of British Indian Muslims towards our state. Muslims in British India and abroad have a sentimental attachment to the Hyderabad state because it is only surviving relic of the glorious Moghul Empire. It is an attachment that will continue unabated (and should continue as such, if it is genuine and real) irrespective of the changes in the administrative policy of the state.

NOT WORTH HAVING.

If, as our Non-Mulki friends allege, Indian Muslim Sympathies will be withdrawn the moment we cease giving them employment in preference to our own men or cease subsidizing their institutions in order to find money for local ones, all we can say is that sympathies which are so mercenary, ephemeral and light-hearted, are not worth having. But, we refuse to believe that such will be the case. We have too high a regard for our Muslim brethren abroad to subscribe to that very degrading view about them.

Secondly, it is not merely the intrusion of outside Muslims that we resent. We resent equally strongly the influx of outside Non-Muslims, whether they come from Marwar, Maharashtra, Madras and Mysore, or the Punjab, U.P., Andhradesa and C. P.

A word abot local Muslims. Their poverty has reached its very last limit. Trade and agriculture, they have none. Public Service, which was their only bmeans of subsistence, has deserted them. Muslim Jagirdars are steeped in debts. If the State fails them at this juncture, local Muslims would soon be wiped off the board.

OUR BIRTHRIGHT.

Your Excellency, we Hyderabadees have come into our own. It is our ambition to serve our motherland to spare it the shame of being administered by others. We are further so jealous of the honour of serving our motherland that we cannot bear the idea of sharing it with any one else.

EUROPEAN DROWNED IN LAKE

Tragedy While Out On Duck-shooting

CALCUTTA, Oct 18

A local paper publishes a story from its Lucknow correspondent of the death of Lieutenant Louis Duckworth Aitkins of the Indian Medical Department, attached to the British Military Hospital, Lucknow, by drowning in a lake near Pendra Road between Katni and Bilaspur in the Central Provinces.

Lt.-Aitkins took two months' leave, about a week ago, and left for duckshoot at Pendra Road. The tragedy occurred on Saturday. His body has been recovered. His Anglo-Indian companion was also drowned.—A. P.

CONDUCT OF ARYA SAMAJISTS

Ajmer Conference Lays Down Rules

AJMER, Oct. 18.

The Aryan Conference under the presidentship of Professor Ramdeo passed a compromise resolution prescribing certain rules for the conduct of Arya Samajists.

The resolution, "inter alia", suggests that the management of all Arya Samaj institutions should be done through boards of trust or sub-committee. The executive body should do propaganda work only.

The morals of Arya Samaj should be strengthened in accordance with the dictum set up by the All-India Aryan League. Arya Samaj temples should not be used for holding dramas or marriage parties.—A. P.

WELFARE OF BANIA GIRLS

Santa Cruz Orphanage Celebrates First Anniversary

The first annual celebration of the Barbhaya Vanik Bala Orphanage held at the Orphanage premises on the 14th instant when the Hon. Mr. Justice Kania presided and Mrs. Kania distributed prizes to the inmates of the Orphanage. About 450 to 500 ladies and gentlemen attended the function.

Mr. Ishwardas Laxmidas in his speech of welcome stated that the institution was founded by late Mr. Mulji Barbhaya and his wife Mrs. Harkorebai, who appointed Mr Ishwardas Lukhmidas, Mr. Mangaldas V. Desai and Mr. Vassanji Naranji Bhimji as his Trustees. There were to-day in the hands of the Trustees for the benefit of the institution, 3 1/2 per cent. Government Securities of the face value of Rs 4,10,700.

NEED FOR FUNDS

Last year in his opening speech he said that the Trustees hoped to maintain in this building about 25 orphan girls. Before the year was over the building had been fully occupied. They were requesting the landlord to increase accommodation and he hoped that by the time they met again to celebrate the function the number of inmates would be increased to 45 to 50 orphan girls. For a rich community like the Banias this number was insignificant. The Trustees, however hoped, once the institution had gained the confidence of the public, to approach it for help.

The orphan girls then entertained the guests with dialogues and garba dances.

TRIBUTE TO FOUNDER

The President in his addraess congratulated the Trustees and Mrs. Madhurika Mehta for the efficient way in which the institution was conducted. The inmates were all looking happy and healthy.

LATE SUBBA RAO

References Made In Courts

(From A Correspondent.)

MANGALORE, Oct. 14.

As a mark of respect to the memory of the late Dewan Bahadur N. Subba Rao of Mangalore, who expired at Madras on the morning of 12th after a short illness, the Office of the Dt. Board of South Karana, the Engineering Office and other offices connected with the Dt. Board, were closed for the whole of yesterday. The Puttur Board High School and other schools were also closed.

Dr. K. Vittal Shetty, the Chairman, Mangalore Municipal Council, ordered the Municipal Offices to be closed for the day, as soon as the news was communicated to him, and also sent a telegram conveying his sympathies for the bereaved family.

REFERENCE IN COURTS.

A touching reference was made yesterday by Mr. A. Shrinivasa Pai, President of the Mangalore Bar Association, to the sad demise of Dewan Bahadur N. Subba Rao, a member of the Bar, just before the Dt. Judge got up for lunch. Mr. Pai spoke about the public activities of the late Mr. Subba Rao, all the members standing, and gave vent to the feelings of sorrow with which the sad news of the death was received, and desire to express the regret of the members of the Bar at the great loss which the district of South Kanara suffered in the death of Mr. Subba Rao.

Mr. C. V. Reddi, the Dt. Judge, replied saying, that he was much shocked when he heard of the passing away of Mr. Subba Rao, because he looked quite healthy for his age, early and wished to endorse everything that was said on behalf of the Bar, and associate himself in conveying their condolences to the members of the Dewan Bahadur's family.

Similar references were also made in the local Sub-Court and the District Munsif's Court.

Rugby.—Conditions on the Tyne, where unemployment situation was most acute continue to show improvement. To date 70,000 tons more of coal have been shipped from that area than in the corresponding period last year, while the number of ships laid up there is 54 fewer than a year ago.—B. O. W.

Rugby.—The destroyers "Vampire" and "Voyager" left Portsmouth on Tuesday to join the Flotilla Leader "Stuart" and the Destroyers "Vendetta" and "Waterhen" from Chatham and Devonport. The whole Flotilla will then sail for Sydney, where they are due on December 21, all vessels having been lent by the British Navy to the Australian Navy.—B. O. W.

FURTHERING USE OF KHADI

Reshtriya Seva Sangh Started In Bombay

Under the auspices fo Shree Navjivan Sangh a meeting was held in the office of the said Sangh on Saturday evening under the presidency of Sardar Pratapsingh.

It was resolved that an Institution named Shree Bombay Rashtriya Seva Sangh be started.

It was also resolved that those who believe in the main principles of Mahatma Gandhiji and put on complete Khaddar can become members of the said Sangh, by paying monthly subscription of annas 4.

The objects of the movement are: To further the use of Khaddar, to propagate Swadeshism, to work for the cause of Harijans and Hindu-Muslim unity, in co-operation with other similar institutions.

The following members of the Committee were elected for the current year:

Sjt. Shreelal Bhatt (President)

Sardar Pratap Singh (Vice-President)

Sjt. M. H Sharaf (General Secretary).

Sjts. Kakubhai A. Vora and Prabhuram Prabhakar (Joint Secretaries).

Sjts. A. V. Chowdhury and Laxmichand V. Lapsia (Treasurers).

STUDENTS AS SUSPECTS

Statement Recorded After Search

(From A Correspondent.)

INDORE, Oct. 18.

Two students by name Khambette and Patil residing in Rambagh at Indore were arrested at Khamgaon on suspicion of being connected with an alleged dacoity. They made certain confession before the Magistrate, and so Mr. Chakrawarti, C. I. D. Inspector, with posse of constables, searched the houses of Jawadekar, Joshi, Dubash and Lande, with the help of the Indore Police.

The statements of Gangadhar Shankar Mukadam, Anant Purshottam Shetut, student, Maharaja Shiwaji Rao High School, were taken. One employee in the Electric Supply house, by name Holkar was also examined.

The C. I. D. Inspector interviewed the I. G. P. of Indore, but there being no sufficient evidence against these boys, the I. G. P. refused to hand them over. The C. I. D. Inspector and his party then left Indore.

SPINNING EGYPTIAN TYPE YARNS

90 p. c. Of Spindleage In England To Raise Price

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, October 17.

It is officially intimated that 90 per cent of the total spindleage in England, engaged in spinning Egyptian type yarns, have agreed to raise the price to a remunerative basis.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF I. D. LEAGUE

LONDON, October 17.

Captain H. Orrewing will succeed Vice-Admiral C. V. Usborne as chief organiser of the India Defence League of which Vice-Admiral Usborne became Vice-President.—Reuter's special.

DIRECTOR OF 59 COMPANIES

Fabulous Sums Received By Mr. A. Wiggin

(Special Cable.)

WASHINGTON, October 17.

Large payments made to Mr. Albert Wiggin, chairman, Chase National Bank, was revealed at a Senate Banking Investigation, dealing with the Chase Bank and the Chase Securities Corporation.

It is stated Mr. Wiggin received bonuses exceeding 100,000 dollars annually, besides a salary of 2000,000 and a pension of 100,000 after retirement, despite the bank's severe losses in recent years.

In the past years Mr. Wiggin was director of 59 other big concerns drawing annual payments, ranging from 300 to 30,000 dollars.

The annual convocation of the Patna University for conferring degrees will be held at Patna on November 25. Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, Vice-Chancellor of the Lucknow University, has been invited to address the convocation.—A. P.

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Bombay, September 1933.

I was very glad to be able to visit the Bombay Soap Factory on the 14th September 1933. It is one of the largest Soap Factories in India. The Factory is housed in a modern building getting good natural light and ventilation. The machinery and other equipments are well laid out for efficient production. The whole premises both outside and inside are kept very clean and tidy. The various types of soap turned out by the factory are all of good quality. I have no hesitation in recommending the products of this factory. I wish the proprietors continued success.

P B Advani
Director of Industries.

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BRITAIN STANDS BY DECEMBER DECLARATION

Sir John Simon Blames Germany 'For Jeopardising, If Not Wrecking, Hard And Conscientious Work Of Negotiations'

LONDON, October 17.

Britain still stands by her declaration of last December that Germany ought to receive equality of rights in the regime of security, declared Sir John Simon in a broadcast speech, but the serious fact emerged, which, while not altering our pledge necessarily, affects the detailed manner of its fulfilment.

Sir J. Simon said that they were approaching the basis of agreement at Geneva, last week, when Germany unexpectedly claimed a substantial rearmament, and thereby jeopardised if not wrecked, the hard and conscientious work of negotiations.

He was totally unable to accept the reasons Germany gave for such a claim, nevertheless Britain desired to avoid arousing resentful feelings and would promote the co-operation of all nations of good-will and seek an honourable solution of the great cause.—Reuter's Special.

from the Conference", he added, "I hope after a few days' adjournment for allowing the delegations to consult their respective Governments on the course of the work to be followed, we shall make serious efforts to complete our task."

The attitude of the British Government will be defined after the Cabinet Ministers have had an opportunity of discussing the situation more fully with Sir John Simon, who left Geneva last night, for London, and will be in consultation with the Prime Minister this afternoon.

NO REARMAMENT.

Geroge Lansbury, leader of Parliamentary opposition, in a speech last night urged that the British Government should take lead in demanding general disarmament. Proceeding he said: "We who belong to the peace movement cannot for a moment consent to the rearmament of Germany. On this question therefore there ought to be not the slightest division of opinion among any of us."—B. O. W.

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YOUTH CHARGED WITH CHEATING

Giving False Hopes Of Securing Jobs?

(From Our Correspondent.)
KURLA, Oct. 18

Babulal Narottam, a Hindu youth of Bombay, stands charged before the Resident Magistrate of Kurla, with cheating in two cases.

Giving false hopes of securing jobs for them, Babulal is alleged to have taken from two unemployed persons of Kurla Rs. 25 and Rs. 5, respectively.

He was arrested by the Kurla police on the complaints lodged by these victims of the confidence trick.

SURPRISE RAID ON GAMBLING DEN

Five Hindus Bailed Out At Kurla

(From Our Correspondent)
KURLA, Oct 18

Five Hindus have been arrested by the Kurla police on charges of keeping a common gaming house and receiving betting slips on American futures.

It appears that at the time of the raid by the police on the alleged gambling den, on the night of Tuesday last, Keshav Bhikhaji, his brother Dasrath, Bhagu Saluba, Pandhari Aba and Yeshwant Sawla were found in the shop. In the course of the search money and betting slips were found.

All the five persons were arrested and let out on bail.

They will be placed for trial before the Resident Magistrate of Kurla shortly.

WE GRUMBLE, BUT NEVER WORRY, SAYS BALDWIN

Mr. Stanley Baldwin broadcast in mail week an introduction to a series of talks on national character.

Points in his speech were:

"No people grumble more than we do.

"I do myself every day, but though I grumble I do not worry but keep cheerful.

"It is exactly the same with all English people. As a nation we grumble, we never worry.

"The more difficult the times the more cheerful we become.

"We are always serene in times of difficulty.

"We can laugh at ourselves.

"Laughter is one of the best things God has given us and with hearty laughter neither malice nor indecency can exist.

"Kindliness, sympathy with the underdog, love of home, are not these all the characteristics of the ordinary Englishman we all know?

"He is a strong individualist in this, that he does not want to mould himself into any common mould to be like everyone else.

"He likes to develop his own individuality and yet he can combine for service.

'Let us hold on to what we are. Let us not try to be like any body else.

"We can respect the fine qualities of other countries, but let us keep our own."

AIR MAILS

Mr. G. I. Patel Leaves For Vienna

KARACHI, Oct. 18.

The Rangoon air mail arrived here at 7-46 this morning.

The outward air mail left at 9-15 a.m. with two passengers, including Mr. Gordhandas I. Patel, who is proceeding to Vienna to attend on Mr. V. J. Patel.—A. P.

MADRAS-CALCUTTA AIR SERVICE

Flight In Nine Hours With Halt At 3 Places

NEW DELHI, Oct. 18.

Possibilities of air service both for passengers and mail between Madras and Calcutta, will be discussed shortly in Delhi, with the Director of Civil Aviation by Mr. Bhujanga Row, who is the head of the newly started Madras Air Taxi Company.

Mr. Bhajanga Rao arrived here yesterday from Madras via Jubulpore in a Fox Moth machine piloted by Flight Lieut. Hawker.

It is stated that the air service between Madras and Calcutta can be effected in nine hours halting "en route" at Gannavaram, Vizagapatam and Cuttack.

The Company is Indian and its plans are to serve as feeders to the Trans-Continental Airways.—A. P.

EXCITING VOYAGE TO INDIA

200 Passengers On "City Of Paris" Have Rough Time

PARIS, Oct 17.

Two hundred passengers are having an exciting voyage to India on board the "City of Paris" which left Liverpool on Oct. 7, was put in for engine trouble at Swansea on Oct. 8, was repaired and departed on Oct. 12, and is now grounded owing to a fog at Faraman near Marseilles.

The situation is not dangerous and salvage steamers are standing by.—Reuter.

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS

LONDON, Oct. 17.

The following appointments are gazetted:—

General Sir J. F. Gathorne Hardy has been appointed to the Aldershot Command in succession to Sir Charles Harrington.

Lieut.-General Sir Alexander Wardrop has been appointed to the Northern Command in succession to Gathorne Hardy and promoted to be a General.—Reuter's Special.

ESCAPING FROM POLICE CUSTODY

Lakshmi Kantham Gets 6 Months R. I.

RAJAHMUNDRY, Oct. 16.

The trial of Lakshmi Kantham, who was convicted and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment at a special criminal session of the Madras High Court in November last, and who was charged before the sub-Magistrate at Kovvur, with having escaped from police custody from the train while being taken from Madras Penitentiary to Rajahmundry Jail, concluded to-day, the Magistrate awarding him 6 months' rigorous imprisonment.

Another case is still pending against him for an alleged attempt to escape on Thursday night from the sub-jail, Kovvur, where he was confined during his trial.—A. P.

REICHSTAG FIRE TRIAL

Goering To Be Called As Witness

(Special Cable).
BERLIN Oct. 17

The Court acceded to the public prosecutor's demand in the Reichstag fire trial that Goering Goebbels, Heins, Schulz and Count Helldorff all accused by "Brown Book" of Hitler terror of having planned the Reichstag fire be called as witnesses.

Monsier Adrien Juvanon, Governor of French India, accompanied by Madam Juvanon and private secretary sailed from Pondicherry for France by the French Mail Steamer. Private advices show that Monsieur Bouret, the Governor-Designate of French India left France for India on October 12.—A. P.

MAHASABHA COMMITTEE

Appointment Of Office-Bearers

AJMER, Oct. 17

Dr. Moonje, Raja Narendra Nath, Mr. Ramanand Chatterji, Dr. Radhakumud Mukerji, Mr. Kelkar have been elected vice-Presidents of the working committee of the Hindu Mahasabha.

Mr. Padam Raj Jain, Mr. Jagat Narayan Lal and Pandit Gauri Shanakar Misra are the general secretaries, Mr. Ganpatrai being the office secretary, Mr. Jyotishankar Dixit is secretary and Mr Narayan Dutta is the Treasurer.

The following are the members of the Working Committee. Maharashtra: Mr. G. D. Savarkar, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Mr. Shivdas Chapsi, Punjab: Rai Bahadur Sewak Ram, Rai Bahadur Captain Ram Rakhmal Bhandari, and Dr. Dharamvir.

Bengal: Mr. N. N. Das.

Gujarat: Mr. Anandpriya.

Behar: Kumar Ganga Nand Sinha: United Provinces: Kumar Ramnasingh, Ramkumar Tripathi, and Mr. Bhagawandas Avasthi.

CONSIDERATION OF BUDGET

The newly constituted Working Committee of the Hindu Maha Sabha held its first meeting today. Bhai Parmanand presiding. Messrs. Padamraj Jain, Jagat Narain Lal, Gauri Shankar, Joyd Shanker, Ganapati Rai, Ram Kumar Bhagwan Das, N. N. Das, Ananda Priya, and Hiren Dutt who attended the meeting considered three points, namely, the budget sanctioning Rs. 12,500 for the current year's expenses, the best way of investing Hindu Maha Sabha funds and the appointment of Mr. Jyoti Shanker in charge of colonial business as affecting Hindu colonies.

Some members have already left Ajmer and others are leaving by to-morrow. Bhai Parmanand is leaving on a tour to different centres. He is starting for Nagpur.—A. P.

NO ACCURATE REPRESENTATION?

Sir J. Simon Replies To Allegations

RUGBY, Oct. 17.

Sir John Simon and Eden reached London by air from Paris to-day on their return from Geneva. When he reached the Foreign Office, Sir John Simon's attention was called to the report of a statement made, last night, by Baron Von Neurath, suggesting that the British Foreign Secretary had not accurately represented Germany's viewpoint as conveyed to him on October 6.

Sir John Simon replied: "I should indeed be sorry, if there were any difference on matter of fact with Baron Von Neurath. My fellow countrymen may rest assured that the suggested inaccuracy is not on my side." It was on October 6 that the German Charge d' Affairs in London communicated to Sir John Simon, Germany's "observations" on the Disarmament situation. A similar communication was made at the same time in Rome, but not to the French or United State's Governments, whose representatives had taken part in earlier conversations.

These "observations" seriously affected the situation, and immediately after hearing them British Foreign Secretary communicated them to French and Italian Ambassadors in London.

Shortly after reaching London, Sir John Simon had a long conversation with the Premier and Mr. Baldwin.—B. O. W.

COURTESY TO FEREIGNERS.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.

Strict instructions to abstain from molesting foreigners have been issued by Prussian Minister of Interior, who says that foreigners must be protected in every way and police intervention, where necessary, must be tactful and courteous.

The two Nazis who assaulted American Velz at Dusseldorf on 10th October have been sentenced to six months each.—Reuter's Special.

3 ACCUSED TO HANG

Judgment In Karachi Khoja Brothers' Murder Case

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Oct. 17.

Judgment in the sensational case arising over the murders of Lalji and Rajabali, two Khoja brothers of Karachi, was delivered this evening by Mr. Dadiba C. Mehta, Additional Judicial Commissioner.

The Jury returned a unanimous verdict of 'guilty' against three accused, Hari, Ismail and Safar, under Sections 120-B, 364 and 302, I.P.C. Three others, Asoo, Ali and Alimohomed were found 'guilty' under Section 302, while accused Abdullah was found 'not guilty' of all charges.

The Judge acquitted accused Abdullah and sentenced the first three accused, Hari, Ismail and Safar to death on the first charge and life-transportation for each of the remaining two charges.

Accused Asoo, Ali and Alimohomed were acquitted of charge under Sec. 120-B, and sentenced to life-transportation on the charge of murder.

It will be remembered that two Khojas, Gunny Bag merchants, disappeared on the 10th of February last, their bodies being found one week later near a stone quarry behind the Distt. Jail. The police investigation led to the unearthing of a conspiracy to murder the two brothers by eight men, one of whom, Maluk, a gharri-driver was made approver.

SREE GAUDIYA MATH.—His Holiness Tridandi Swami B. R. Shridhar Maharaj will speak in English on "Harijan and Varnashrama" at the Math premises, Babulnath Road (opp. Rukmini Lying-in-Hospital), Chowpatty, on Thursday the 19th inst. at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

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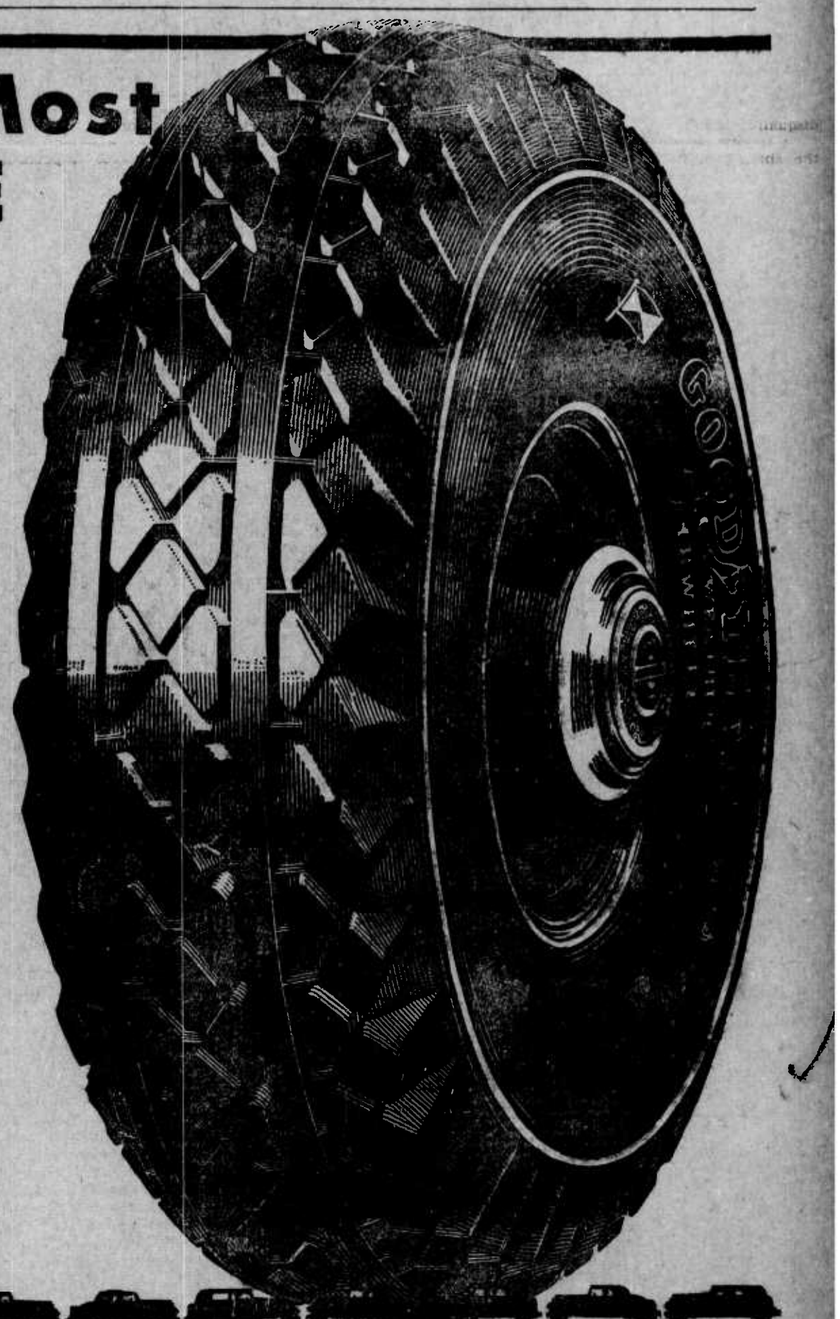
Supertwist Cord - exclusive to Goodyear—provides super-elasticity to Airwheel Tyres. It stretches and recovers millions of times, retains its strength. This insures greater vitality and longer mileage—as Supertwist Cords stretch without breaking up to 61 per cent. farther than ordinary cords.

You'll want these handsome, long-wearing Airwheel Tyres for their luxurious new comfort—and for the enviable touch of smartness they add to your car. The cost of changing over is really quite small.



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Army Certificates	General Education	Sanitation
Auctioneers and Estate Agents	G.P.O. Engineering Dept.	Secretarial Exams.
Aviation Engineering	Heating and Ventilating	Shorthand (Pitman's)
Banking	Insurance	Structural Engineering
Boilers	Mathematics	Surveying
Bookkeeping, Accountancy and Modern Business Methods	Metallurgy	Teachers of Handicrafts
Building, Architecture and Clerk of Works	Mining, all subjects	Telephony and Telegraphy
Cambridge Senior	Mining Electrical Engineering	Transport Inst. Exams
Industrial Chemistry	Motor Engineering	Weights and Measures "Insp."
Civil Engineering	Municipal and County Engineers	Wireless Telegraphy and Telephony
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BATTERED WIFE TO DEATH?

Accused Sent To Police Surgeon For Enquiry Into Mental State

While in a state of mental derangement Gangaram Hasamma, a Hindu, residing in Maruti Chawl at Ferguson Road, Parel, is alleged to have battered his 25-year old wife, named Narsoobai to death, with a curry stone on Sunday night.

At an inquest held over the body of the woman on Wednesday the jury expressed the opinion that ordinarily they would have returned a verdict of murder against the suspect, but as it appeared from evidence that he was of unsound mind for some time past they recommended that he should be sent to the police surgeon and kept under observation.

From the evidence led at the inquest it appeared that the deceased was the second wife of the suspect, and was earning her living by making bidis at Parel. The suspect was unemployed and lived with his two wives in a room at Ferguson Road.

SUDDEN ATTACK.

For some days past he was noticed to behave in a wild and strange manner. On the morning of the murder he asked both the women to accompany him for a walk and took them to Matunga, Mahim and other places and returned to their room late at night. When he arrived home he closed himself up with the women in the room and all of a sudden attacked the deceased with a curry stone and battered her to death.

Rajoobai, the other woman raised an alarm and managed to leave the room. She fetched a policeman and the suspect was arrested.

CONVICTION OF SUBURBAN WORKERS

Thana Pleader Files Appeals On Their Behalf

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct. 17.

The Sessions Judge of Thana admitted on Saturday last the appeals filed by Mr. B. R. Damle, pleader on behalf of the political prisoners Ratilal Nanabhai Desai and Narmadashanker Gajanan of Vile Parle undergoing imprisonment in the Thana Jail, against their conviction on a charge of breach of Additional District Magistrate's order. The Judge fixed November 1 for hearing argument.

The appellants Ratilal and Narmadashanker were sentences by the City Magistrate of Bandra, on September 14 last to eighteen months' and a year's rigorous imprisonment respectively in view of each having two previous convictions.

Ratilal was sent to jail for six months on November 10,1930 and for sixteen months on March 3, 1932. Narmandashanker was on March 7, 1932 fined of Rs. 100 or in default a month's hard labour and further sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment under the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act.

The prosecution case is that both the appellants were served with Additional District Magistrate's order on September 11 last, calling upon them to report themselves daily at 5 p.m. to the police officer. The failed to do so on September 13. In a written statement, the accused pleaded guilty to the charge brought against them. The Magistrate convicted them on their own plea of guilty, and placed them in 'C' class.

Mr. Damle for the appellants submitted that the procedure of service notice was not followed by the Additional District Magistrate and therefore the notice was illegal. The offence being purely a technical one, the sentence was unnecessarily severe urged the pleader.

LEARN HINDI IN YOUR LEISURE HOURS

The Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, state that help is rendered to all those who wish to learn Hindi-Hindustani the common language of our country.

Classes are being conducted at different parts of the city such as Fort, Kalbadevi, Girgaum, Gamdevi, Dadar, Parel and Matunga. More classes can be opened if there are enough people desirous of learning Hindi.

Further there are self-instructors and graded readers with the help of which people can get enough knowledge of the language, even without attending classes.

Such books are available at the Sabha's Office. Enquiries can be made in the matter of Hindi study to the Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLEGED MURDER OF BLACKSMITH

Statements Of Accused Pathans To Be Recorded On Wednesday

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct. 18.

Vendetta is alleged to be the motive in a sensational murder case in which several Pathans are charged with having shot dead a Hindu blacksmith on July 17 last, at village Patal, in the Karjat Taluka.

Mr. S. A. Tavanandi, First-class Magistrate of Panvel, will record statements of the accused on October 25, the case for the Crown having been concluded on Monday last, after examining about 25 witnesses.

The names of the accused are: (1) Sahebjada Shahjada, (2) Chandan Gazikhan, (3) Ajmir khan Amirkhan, (4) Ajabkhan Ajimkhan and (5) Amirjada Bhaheramkhan.

The first four accused are charged with murder, destroying evidence of murder and conspiracy to murder Balkrishna Sakharam Luhar, a resident of Potal. The fifth accused is charged with aiding and abetting in the offence of the murder.

Mr. A. V. Chitre, public prosecutor for Kolaba, appears for the Crown, while the accused Pathans are defended by Mr. S. S. Kazi

TRAGEDY IN FIELD.

The case for the Crown is that on the evening of July 17 last the first four Pathans went to the field of the deceased Balkrishna. The first accused, who had a double-barrelled bridge loader gun, is alleged to have fired a shot at Balkrishna while he was engaged in lifting his stick and "virle" (leaf umbrella) about to return home, after a day's labour. The bullet pierced through the left side and passed off the right side of his back. A second shot is alleged to have been fired at him by the second accused from his pistol, as a result of which Balkrishna dropped down dead.

BODY BURIED.

Frightened at the horrible sight, Govinda and Vithu, the two servants of the deceased, took to their heels. The former hid himself behind a shrub close-by, while the latter ran towards the village. The four Pathans then tied up the body in a black oil-cloth bag. The second accused carrying the load on his head, the Pathans proceeded towards Sayle village. After going about a mile, they decided to bury the body covered in that bag. They then decamped.

Vithu then informed the deceased's brothers of the tragedy. The three brothers of Balkrishna accompanied by Vithu, proceeded towards the scene of offence, but on their way they met Govinda, who told them that the Pathans had carried away their victim. The police patil, who was informed, sent a report with Mahars to the Sub-Inspector of the Karjat police. As the river on their way was unfordable that night, the Patil's report reached Karjat the following morning.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

In the course of the investigation the dead body, which had not decomposed owing to the air-tight oil cloth, was identified by the deceased's brothers. The four Pathans along with the fifth accused, who was the father-in-law of the first accused, were taken into custody.

MOTIVE FOR CRIME.

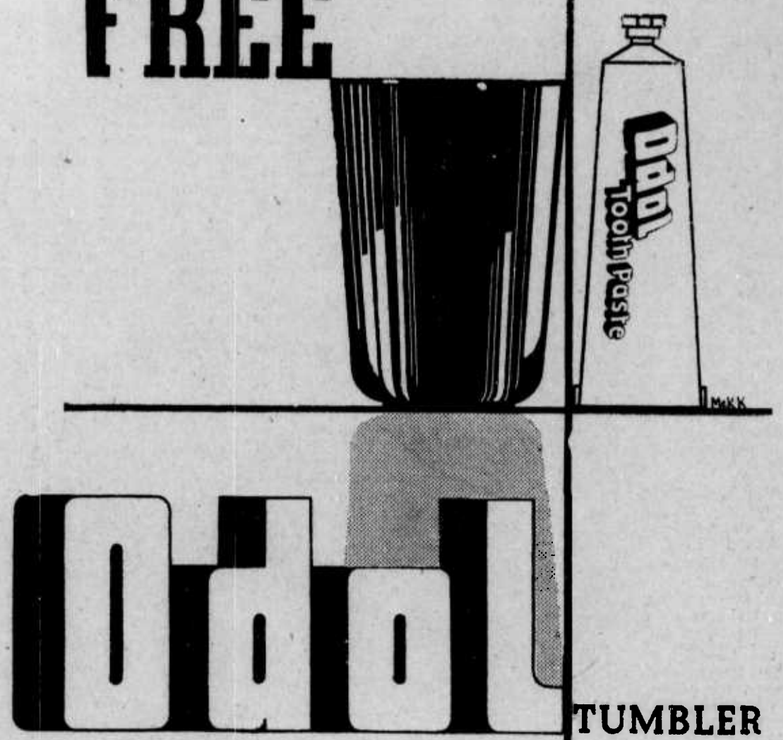
The motive for the crime is alleged to be the strained relations between the fifth accused and the deceased Balkrishna, who had been acquitted of the charge of murder of Khanjada, son of the fifth accused by the Sessions Judge of Thana, a year ago.

It is alleged that inspite of the acquittal the fifth accused continued to harbour enmity against Balkrishna A week before the alleged offence, Balkrishna is said to have been threatened by these Pathans.

Mss. Kania then distributed the prizes to the inmates of the institution.

According to a Madras news paper the Maharaja of Dewas, who is on a pilgrimage to Rameswaram, was suddenly taken ill on the 7th instant on his way to Chidambaram owing to recurrence of heart attack. On the advice of doctors accompanying him the journey was discontinued and he was taken to Pondicherry, where he is expected to stay till recovery.—A. P.

FREE



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INDIAN SWAMI IMPRESSES BRITISH CLERGY

Bolton Conference Gives Ovation To Swami Bon Of Gaudiya Math

(From A Correspondent.)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Swamiji B. H. Bon of the London Gaudiya Math was invited to deliver lectures regarding the Philosophy of Hinduism in the annual conference of the guild of young clergies of the Church of England held at "The Retreat" (Water Millock) at Bolton under the presidentship of the Right Rev. Guy Warman, Lord Bishop of Manchester. The Swamiji was introduced in the meeting by the Hon. Marshall Brooks. The president proposed thhat the Swamiji should be given a fitting ovation in honour of the well known institution of Hindu-religion which he represents and as a matter of fact the Swamiji was given great ovation.

Of all speakers the most prominent were Prof. L. S. Cross of Oxford and Swamiji B. H. Bon of the Gaudiya Math. The most cultured followers of Christianity directed towards religious life assembled were so highly impressed with the excellence of the teachings of Sri Krishna Chaitanya Mahaprabhu from the lips of the Swamiji that he was requested to deliver another, lecture on the following day. After the business of the second day, in proposing a vote of thanks to the Swamiji, Rev. T. W. Tayler, MA, DD, Warden of the Guild, said that it was for the first time that they had occasion to listen to such authoritative pronouncements regarding Hindu religion, which had completely changed their idea about it and created an excellent impression.

At Bolton, the Swamiji was the guest of Lady Brooss, the only elder sister of Lord Willingdon, Viceroy of India, who had introduced the Swamiji to her. Both Lady Brooks and Marshall Brooks were all attention to the Swamiji with warm sympathy and intimacy

VISIT TO MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY.

On his way back the Sawmiji was taken to the Manchester University and received by the authorities there and the Registrar took him around the class rooms, Library picture-gallery and various other departments of the University. The University building looks almost like the Council House of New Delhi both in design and in size. In spite of unceasing smokes of numerous chimneys all over the city, everything was found well-ordered and beautiful remarkably with undulating plots of green grass.

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Copy of Analytical Report:—Dr. A. B. Griffiths, Ph.D., etc., Chemical, Bacteriological and Assay Laboratories, Stockwell, S. W.:—

I hereby certify that "MORGAN'S POMADE," has been carefully analysed in these Laboratories; the data obtained being of an entirely satisfactory character, and indicating it to be a judicious and skilful preparation that is well suited for the purpose for which it is designed. It is excellent for the hair promoting its growth and preserving its colour. It is the POMADE for grey hair—absolutely free from all undesirable constituents. I consider it to be a perfectly safe, reliable and effective application,—A. B. Griffiths, Ph.D., Analytical and Consulting Chemist, etc.

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WATERBURY'S Compound

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

PRIVATE CABLES.
Bombay, October 17.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Decline due to heavy seasonal hedge selling. Think international politics have unduly depressed the market. Advise buying on decline.

Inflation hope waning responsible for heavy liquidation. Sentiment may depress further but think about low enough.

Recent decline in New York improved technical position also likely to encourage farmers accept 1934 acreage reduction. Reported Government buying July New York.

New York: Market advanced on purchases about forty thousand bales credited Government agencies with renewed outside demand induced by upturn in grains. Hedging light.

Market at level where purchases on weakness advisable. Machinery definitely established enabling farmers finance cotton at ten cents.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co., Liverpool:—

"While chances are in favour of the market declining further on political situation, absence inflation, action technical position stronger, think market will react on any constructive developments.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, October 17.

December, 1933	9.26
January, 1934	9.32
March, 1934	9.47
May, 1934	9.63
July, 1934	9.77
Middling Spot	9.45

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, October 17.

October	9.05
December	9.19
Middling Spot	9.04

NEW YORK
New York, October 17.

New York, 10-55 a.m.	
December	8.95
January	9.03
New York Noon Call	
December	9.08
January	9.15

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, October 17.

Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	82,000 bales.
Day's export to Great Britain	nil bales.
Day's export to the Continent	19,000 bales.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, October 17.

SAKELLARIDIS:	
October, 1933	6.65
November, 1933	6.75
January, 1934	6.85
March, 1933	6.93
May, 1934	7.02
June, 1934	7.10
F.G.F. Spot	6.98
Superfine	3.63
SCINDE:	
Good	3.53
Fine	3.63
Superfine	3.73

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, October 17.

	Opening	Closing
October, 1933		5.20
November, 1933		5.19
December, 1933		5.21
January, 1934	5.16	5.22
February, 1934		5.24
March, 1934	5.20	5.26
April, 1934		5.27
May, 1934		5.30
June, 1934		5.31
July, 1934		5.33
August, 1934		5.34
September, 1934		5.35
October, 1934		5.36
Middling Spot		5.30

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Oct 17

Chartered Bank of I A and China £15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg) £131 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation £10 1/4
National Bank of India £45
Funding Loan 4 per cent £110 1/4
Conversion Loan 3½ pc cent 1961 £99 3/4
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent £61 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 £74
Indian Stock 3½ per cent 1931 or later £86 1/8
Indian Stock 4½ per cent 1950/55 £110 1/2
Consols 2½ per cent £73 3/8
War Loan 3½ per c 1952 £101 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £109 5/8

LONDON EXCHANGES
Londos, Oct 17

T T London on:—

Berlin	13.18
Amsterdam	7.77
Brussels	22.50
Madrid	37.43
Milan	59.50
Berne	16.16 1/2
Paris	79.06
Prague	106.50
London on New York	4.55 3/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, Oct. 17.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0 13/16 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1 per cent to 1 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months' market rate 2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.
Interest day to day loan 0 3/8 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan 0 1/2 per cent

LONDON SILVER
SILVER
London, Oct 17

Silver market closed steady
Spot 17 3/4
Forward 17 13/16

LONDON GOLD
London, Oct. 17.

Gold Bars fine per oz £6/10/11 1/2

LONDON METAL

Copper Braziers £45 1/2
Yellow metal £38
Spelter Hard Indian brands £16 1/8
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge £1 1/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F O B £222 1/2

LINSEED OILS
London, Oct 17

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt
Oct sellers 16/6
Jan/April sellers 17/4 1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, Oct. 17.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb—
Sellers 3 7/8

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, Oct 17

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25
C & F Calcutta per cwt
Oct/Dec sellers 7/3
Oct/Dec sellers 7
C & F Karachi per cwt
Oct/Dec sellers 7

COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET
London, Oct 17

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)
Spot 8 1/8

SEEDS
London, Oct 17

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c i f ton—
No offers
Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c i f ton—
Oct/Nov sellers £9-13-9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent ton—
Oct/Nov sellers £9-7-6

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, October 17.

BROACH:

Fully good (good staple)	4.26
Fine (good staple) ..	4.41
Superfine (good saple) ..	4.56
OOMRA:	
Good (No. 1 staple) ..	4.44
Fine (No. 1 staple) ..	4.59
Choice (No. 1 staple) ..	4.74
BENGAL:	
Good	3.43
Fine	3.53

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 17

Mssrs. Lewis & Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Latest prices:—
Wiluna Gold Corporation ord £2-7-0
London Tin Corporation Ltd 0-14-9
Turner & Newall 1-17-3
Associated Electric Industries 1-0-6
Attock Oil 0-13-1½
Associated Portland Cement 1-10-3
Electric Supply Corporation 3-19-3
Guest, Keen & Nettlefold Ltd 0-17-6
Beira Railways 0-8-9
County of London Electric Supply ord 2-16-9
Marconi International Marine 1-9-0
Calendar's Cable & Constn. Co. 3-7-6
General Electric ord 2-5-7½
London & Thames Haven Oil Wharves 4-3-1½
L. & N. E. Railway 4 per cent 2nd Pref 36-0-0
International Railways of C. America dol. 5.00
Malayalam Plantations 1-6-9
British Burma Petroleum 0-4-3
Soudan Plantations 1-15-0
British S. Africa (Chartered) 1-1-6
Pahang Consolidated ord 0-8-0
Wm. Cory & Son 3-18-6
British Treasury Bills 3 months 0-12-10 89 per cent p. a.

Market steady but business restricted. Affected by position on the Continent.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Following a rise of 49 points in New York futures, the local cotton market opened at Rs 187 for Broach A./M. delivery. There was scattered buying which improved prices to Rs. 187/12 but later on the market ruled quiet. It being Diwali, there was not much business; as the market is open today till mid-night.

Liverpool market opened quiet at a rise of 8 points. The local market ruled quiet and at night quotations were as under:—

Broach A./M.	186/12
Oomra D./J.	162/
Bengal D./J.	139/

PRESIDENCY SESAMUM CROP

POONA, Oct 14

Second Memorandum on the Sesamum Crop of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Indian States for the season 1933-34.

Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under Sesamum in the territory included in this forecast has represented some 10.5 per cent. of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Sesamum Crop sown from June 1933 onwards.

(Estimates up to 1st October 1933)

Area.—The latest reports show the total area under early as well as late crop as under:—

	British Districts Acres	Indian States Acres
Bombay Presidency		
Proper	151,000	19,000
Sind	34,000	
Total	185,000	19,000
Grand Total	204,000 acres.	

59.1 and 58.8 per cent below corresponding area last year and decennial average same date respectively. Decrease area only apparent being due non-receipt information from Western India States Agency and other Gujarat States.

Season.—In Gujarat, crop suffered considerably especially lowlying areas due excessive rains August-September but now improving owing recent break. Early sown crop nearly ready for harvest. Crop North Deccan reported progressing well, early sown crop being ready for harvest. In South Deccan crop suffered due uneven distribution rains i.e., deficient from June to August and heavy September and may hence be reduced in yield. In Karnatak seasamum done fairly well in West but suffered in East due general deficiency early rains which may lessen outturn. Crop Konkan suffered somewhat due deficient rains August but now reported doing well. Crop in Sind progressing satisfactorily except North where adversely affected by rains July-August. Crop in flowers or forming pods.

PRESIDENCY SUGARCANE CROP

POONA, Oct 14.

Second Memorandum on the Sugarcane Crop of the Bombay Presidency, including Sind and Indian States for the season 1933-34.

Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under Sugarcane in the territory included in this forecast has represented some 3.3 per cent. of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Sugarcane Crop sown from January 1933 onwards.

(Estimates up to 1st October 1933)

Area.—The total reported and estimated area under Sugarcane now stands as under:—

	British Districts Acres	Indian States Acres
Bombay Presidency		
Proper	62,000	19,000
Sind	2,000	
Total	64,000	19,000
Grand Total	83,000 acres.	

16.5 and 1.5 per cent below corresponding area last year and decennial average same date respectively There is slight decline in British Districts but above decline on grand total mainly apparent being due non-receipt information from Western India States Agency and other Gujarat States

Season.—Sugarcane Gujarat doing well except places Surat where affected by strong winds accompanied with rains about middle September which lodged crop and may slightly reduce "gul" yield. In North Deccan crop progressing normally except slight damage jackals here there. In South Deccan, crop much improved due ample September rains and may return normal yield. Crop in Karnatak slightly suffered excessive moisture in West but doing well elsewhere. Crop grown Kanara Districts Konkan progressing well In Sind crop reported excellent condition.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Good Turnover On Diwali Night

BANK AND STEEL SHARES ACTIVE

Bombay, Oct. 18.

It was feared that the turnover of "Moorat" business on Diwali night will be trivial but the actual business done shows return of confidence. There was a fairly good turnover of business. Tata Steel shares was the chief active spot. Most of the business which was done in the cash section today was confined to Steel and Bank shares. At the opening Tata Steel Second Preference shares changed hands at Rs. 99/ but later on they firmed up to Rs. 101/12. At this level there was some liquidation which depressed prices to Rs 100/8. At this level there was moderate buying. Among Bank Shares Indias were active at Rs. 103 Centrals came in business at Rs. 23/4 while Unions were in good enquiry at Rs. 4/6 with fear sellers. In other shares there was scattered business.

It appears that now the general situation has considerably improved and the authorities of the Stock Exchange will take an early opportunity of opening forward and cash business in shares except the Currimbhoy Mills group.

Bombay, Oct. 18.

TEXTILE SECTION.

10/ Ahm Advance	310/0
500 Bom Cotton	N40 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	760
250 Bradbury	90
110 Century	215
110 Central India	287/8
100 Colaba	85
100 Coorla	110-0
100 Crescent	31/4
250 Currim	15
250 David	60-0
250 Dawn	460-0
100 E. D. Sassoon	0/2/3
10 Elphinstone	3 0
250 Fazal	155
100 Finlay	105-0
1000 Framji Petit	95 0
100 Gokak	117/8
1000 Hindustan	1750
100 Indore	272/8
50 Kasturchand	3/2
100 Khatau	61/4
100 Kohinoor	140
250 Laxmi	785
100 Madhowji	6
250 Madras United	82 3
1000 Morarji	150
250 Model	55-0
50 Mysore	90-0
250 New Great	145
100 Oosmanshahi	61/4
250 Pabani	50
250 Pearl	85
100 Phoenix	295
25 Sassoon Silk Sholapur	43-12 3075
50 Simplex	76/4
100 Swadeshi	230
100 Swan	80-0
25 Tata	25-0
5000 Vishnu	1450
1000 Western	875 0
10 Bundi	24/8
100 Gwalior	82-8
250 Indian	285
40 Katni Defd.	1050
100 Katni Ord.	272/8
75 Okha	138/2
20 Punjab	15
100 Shanabad	285
70 United	66

INSURANCE.

15-100 Jupiter	11/12
15-75 New India	26/10
200 Oriental	3380
10-100 Vulcan	7/0

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda	86/12
25-50 Central	23-14
500 Imperial	1210
125-500 Imp Conty.	302-8
10-10/ India	102/4
5 Union	4/6/6

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad	145
1000 Andhra Valley	1450
10 Ajmer	8/15
50 Bombay Tram	140
100 Bombay Suburban	132-8
10 Broach	10-12-0
100 Karachi	190-0
100 Poona	187
100 Surat	170
100 Tata Hydro	160-0
7 p c Tata Power	990

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Prantij	772-8
100 Am Patty	113-0
100 C. Provinces	80
100 Dhon Baramati	81 8
100 Gujarat	59-8
100 Mandra Bhon	77-0
100 Pachora Jamner	71
100 Sara Siraigung	84 0
500 Tapty Valley	711/4

MININGS.

10 Shivrajpur	6/8
30 Tata Steel Def.	170-0
75 Tata Steel Ordy.	48/8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock	195-0
50 Balapur Sugar	187/8
250 Bombay Steam	270
125 Bombay Burma	360
50 Burma Contry	122/8
8sh. B B Petrol	2/14
50 Bombay Telephone	45/8
100 Ind. Bleaching ...	80
100 Ind Radio Def.	535-0
100 Ind Radio Ord.	450-0
1000 Port Canning	600
30 Tata Construction	60
75 Scindia	9/0
25 Tata Oil	16

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1235
6 p.c. Bom. Steam	265
7 p.c. Bom. Trams (T.F.)	76-4
5 pc Central India (T F)	500
7 p.c. Katni 1st	126-4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	140
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14-2
7 pc Tata Hydro	127/8
7 pc Tata Power	1320
6 pc Tata Steel 1st	161/14
7-1/2 per cent. Tata Steel 2nd (b)	100/8
5-1/2 p.c Tata Mill (c)	17 4
7 p.c. Vishnu	635

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 18.

SETTLEMENT PRICES

3-1/2 pc G P N Sett.	83/2
3-1/2 pc G P N Cash	83/3
4 pc 1960/70 Sett.	98/3/6
4 pc 1960/70 Cash	89/4/6
5 pc 1945/55 Sett	113/10/6
5 p.c. 1945/55 Cash	113-12-0

TAXABLES

5 pc 1955 Mysore	113-4
5-1/2 p.c. 1938 Mysore	109-8
6-1/2 p.c. 1955 B.D.L.	107-8-0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3-1/2 pc 1947/50 Cash	93/4/0
4 pc 1934/37 Cash	101/10/0
4 p.c. 1943 Cash	101-11-0
4-1/2 p.c. 1934 Cash	101-10-0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955/60 Cash	105/4
5 pc 1939/44 Cash	106/8
5 p.c. 1940/43 Cash	106/5
5 pc 1935 Cash	113/12
5-1/2 p.c. 1938/40 Cash	107-10
6-1/2 p.c. 1931 T B Cash	106-4

CORPORATION LOANS (Taxables)

4 p.c. B. P. T. 1974	95-4
4 p.c. M. Deb. 1974	94-8-0
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959	106-8-0
5 pc M Deb 1959	106-8
6 p.c M Deb 1954	117/8
6 p.c. K P T 1959	117-8
6½ pc B I T 1937	108/4

3½ pc G P rate opened at 83/1/6 touched 83/2/6 now quoting 82/2/3 Tone steady.

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Oct 17

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Oct sellers 20/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Oct sellers 19/9
Wheat South Australian parcels Oct/Nov sellers 22

PRESIDENCY GROUNDNUT CROP

POONA, Oct 14.

Second Memorandum on the Groundnut Crop of the Bombay Presidency, including Indian States for the season 1933-34.

Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1931-32, the area under Groundnut in the territory included in this forecast has represented some 21.9 per cent. of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Groundnut Crop sown in June-July 1933.

(Estimates up to 1st October 1933)

Area.—The total reported and estimated area under the crop now stands as shown below:—

	Acres
British Districts	1,052,000
Indian States	93,000
Total	1,145,000

26.7 per cent below corresponding area last year but 84.1 per cent above decennial average same date. Decrease in area only apparent being due non-receipt information from Western India States Agency and other Gujarat States.

Season.—In Gujarat, crop reported satisfactory except Panch Mahals where seriously damaged many places due water stagnation on account excessive rains, and places Ahmedabad where it suffered due soil setting hard owing heavy rains and may be reduced in yield. In North Deccan excessive September rains injured pods and turned crop yellow in heavy soils although that in light soil progressed generally satisfactorily Crop South Deccan affected by draught July-August but now progressing satisfactorily. Early crop ready harvest while late one nearing maturity. In Karnatak crop in West done well although suffered East due deficient rains and may result reduced outturn.

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ATOMIDINE cures Pyorrhea. It is the only known cure for this dreaded disease which has been successfully used in the most stubborn cases; it not only checks the disease but effects a permanent cure.

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"I have had remarkable results from the use of your solution in the treatment of a bad case of pyorrhea. My gums were badly infected with pus, several of my teeth were loose and a constant bleeding present on using tooth brush. This condition had existed for several years and my dentist advised me to have all the loose teeth extracted. I used it as a mouth wash several times a day. Much to my surprise and gratification the pus rapidly eliminated and after a couple of weeks, the loose teeth became firmly fixed in the gums.

This reaction was so astonishing that I immediately reported it to my dentist who after thorough examination said "Why you have no pyorrhea now." Several of my friends have since used it with like results. I am confident you have a most valuable and efficient remedy."

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BOMBAY THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1933

No Foreign Pests For Indian Cotton

Government Prohibit American Imports To Safeguard Indigenous Crop

The Publicity Officer, Indian Central Cotton Committee, writes:—

The havoc caused to cotton crops by the Boll-Weevil in America and by the Red Boll-Worm in Africa led the Government of India, on the advice of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, to take timely and effective measures during the past few years to safeguard the Indian cotton crop from foreign pests, as a result of which free importation of American cotton and all cotton seed is prohibited. Cotton seed may not be imported by sea save for experimental purposes by a scheduled officer and may be imported only at the port of Bombay in quantities not exceeding 1 cwt. in any one consignment and on condition that is is fumigated on importation with carbon bisulphide. Such fumigation, however, is not necessary provided (1) the cotton seed is accompanied by a certificate from a Government Entomologist of the country of origin to the effect that the seed and its container have been treated in such a way as to destroy all insect life, and that (2) on importation a specially authorised officer may, after proper examination, certify that refumigation is not necessary

DANGER TO INDIAN CROP.

It was in the year 1921 that the Director of Ariculture, Bombay Presidency, and one of the leading cotton firms in India drew the attention of the Indian Central Cotton Committee to the enormous damage caused by the Boll-Weevil in America and the grave risk of the introduction of the pest in India, particularly through American cotton imported direct. The Cotton Entomologist, who was consulted on this subject, agreed that India ran a great risk and it was only a matter of time before the Bri-Weevil got a footing in this country. Subsequently on receipt of information from Entomological authorities of the U.S.A. it was learnt that unless proper preventive measures were adopted in India, there existed a grave and real risk of introducing live Boll-Weevils in the country. All trade associations were consulted and they were unanimous on the need of preventive measures.

METHOD OF FUMIGATION.

The process of fumigation is of considerable interest. The bales are transferred into fumigation barges from the steamer and the barges are sent to the Fumigation Wharf at the Princes Dock, Bombay. The Liston Fumigating Machine is then placed on the deck of one of the barges and the hatches of the barges are closed by special air-tight covers, the necessary pipes being arranged inside the barges. After thus fitting up the barges, hydrocyanic acid gas is prepared in the fumigating machine by the action of the sulphuric acid on sodium cyanide solution, and the gas is pumped inside the barges through the pipes. After the first charge, the concentration of the gas is taken and, if it is found to be low, another charge is given, the concentration being thus raised. It is kept up to the required strength for six hours since the time of starting the barges and then left overnight.

The next morning the hatch covers are opened and the bales are exposed for a few hours so that all traces of gas are removed. The bales of cotton are then unloaded.

SELF-SUPPORTING PROJECT.

The project is self-supporting and the charges are borne by the importers. At various periods, however, the Government have allowed rebates on the advice of the Committee. A rebate of 11 annas per square bale (exceeding 270 lbs.) and seven annas per round bale (not exceeding 270 lbs.) was sanctioned on all cotton fumigated during the year ending 31st March 1932. Accordingly refund of fumigation fees on 131,593 square bales and 29.2/8 round bales was made in April-May 1933.

"Open Flood Gates Of Your Generosity"

Orissa M. L. A's Appeal To Bombay To Contribute Five Lakhs Of Rupees For Relief Of Homeless And Foodless

NEW DELHI, Oct. 17.

Mr. B. Das, M.L.A., a prominent leader of Orissa, who is taking active interest in flood relief work has issued the following appeal to the public:—

I take this opportunity to supplement the appeal of Mr. Mathuradas Trikamji to the Bombay public for generous contribution towards Orissa Flood Relief during the ensuing Dewali Session. Orissa is grateful to Mahatma Gandhi for his noble appeal to save the flood-stricken people in Orissa from distress.

Dinabandhu Andrews after his visit to Orissa has earned our gratitude by accepting the presidentship of the Orissa Flood Relief Committee and as he put it in his inimitable words, he accepted this presidentship as a birthday present to Mahatma Gandhi. Wherever there is suffering and distress, the hearts of Mahatmaji and Dinabandhu Andrews melt at the inhuman suffering and that is the reason why the cause of the distressed Oriya people is so much near at heart of Mahatmaji.

APPEAL TO BOMBAY.

I do realise that the present economic depression makes it difficult for the philanthropist of Bombay Province to make same generous contribution as they did towards Orissa Flood Relief in 1921 or 1927 and that's the reason why Mahatmaji has asked for a collection of five lakhs of rupees.

I appeal to the philanthropic Bombay public to open the floodgates of their generosity, during the Dewali festivity and make it possible for the Bombay Orissa Flood Relief Committee to collect five lakhs of rupees in money and clothes so that minimum help can be given to the homeless and foodless flood-stricken Oriya people extending over two thousand square miles. —A.P.

ULM TAKES OFF FOR SOURABAYA

SINGAPUR, October 18

Aviator Ulm landing here from Alor Star at 6 p. m. took off for Sourabaya at 7-15 p. m. but now does not expect to beat Kingsford Smith's record.—Reuter's Special.

Calcutta.—All local markets were closed on Wednesday on account of the Diwali holidays.

ARYA SAMAJ & MAHATMA

Prabhudas's Wedding Will Bridge Isolation, Says Gandhiji

WARDHAGANJ, Oct. 18.

The wedding of Mr. Prabhudas Gandhi, grand-nephew of Mahatma Gandhi with Shrimati Ambadevi daughter of Lala Lalchand, Zamindar of Bijnor, was celebrated at Wardha this morning in the presence of Gandhiji, Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, Mr. Gangadhar Rao Deshpande, Kaka Kalelkar, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Jankidevi Bajaj, Rev. Fujii, the Japanese monk, and several other friends. Mr. Prabhudas spent his early days in South Africa and for the last few years has been doing Harijan and other public work in Almora. Ambadevi was educated in Hindi and Sanskrit at home and has lived in Kenya Gurkul, Dehra Dun.

SIMPLE CEREMONY.

The ceremony was quite simple and no invitations were sent to any relations or friends outside Wardha. This is an inter-provincial marriage the bridegroom being a Gujarati and the Bride belonging to an Arya Samajist family of Bijnor in the United Provinces. The ages of the bridegroom and the bride are thirty-two and twenty-four respectively.

At the conclusion of the ceremony addressing the couple Gandhiji said that this was an inter-provincial marriage and not an inter-caste one. He had no hesitation in advocating inter-caste marriages under well defined limitations, for he believed that there was no "varna" or division in the original sense of the term and that limiting marriage to the same division or varna was never its distinguishing feature.

ETHICS OF MARRIAGE.

He drew the attention of the couple to the fact that marriage was not intended to indulge in ones passions but to impose a restraint upon them. He hoped that both of them will make service of the country their mission in life and then they would find that their joint life would be one of happiness, contentment and increasing self-restraint.

BRIDGING GULF.

It gave him much pleasure to find that the bride came from an Arya Samajist family. His relations with the Arya Samajists, he continued, had always been intimate, although they knew that there were honest differences between them. This marriage had brought them nearer.—A.P.

MR. JINARAJADASA'S MISSION TO BRAZIL

Lecture Tour To Interpret Buddhism & Hinduism

MADRAS, (By Mail).

Mr. C. Jinarajadasa left yesterday afternoon from Madras for Brazil. He will be away a year lecturing in South America and Europe.

Interviewed, Mr. Jinarajadasa said that this was his second visit to Brazil by boat. In this visit, however, he would be visiting all the principal cities and going a thousand miles up the Amazon. His lectures will be in Portuguese. The Theosophical Society in Brazil was developing fast.

In his second visit, he was going as a messenger because he was taking with him a large portrait in oils of Dr. Besant, which will be unveiled on 1st January which, in Brazil is a public holiday to celebrate universal brotherhood. He was also taking with him two small banyan plants, as the banyan tree does not exist in Brazil.

In addition he is taking two plants of the Peepul, so that the Brazilians may feel in the future a close link both with Hinduism and Buddhism.—A.P.

POLITICAL DIES IN JAIL

Suffering From Dysentery He Was Removed To Hospital Only Previous Day

The Madura correspondent of "The Hindu" writes:—

Subbiah, a Congress volunteer, who was convicted for picketing a toddy shop at Tuticorin and who had been transferred to the Madura District Jail about a fortnight back died in the jail at about 1 p.m. on Thursday, the 12th instant. It would appear that the volunteer, who was aged 22, had been suffering from bacillary dysentery and was admitted into the jail hospital, only the previous day. On the morning of the 12th instant, as his condition became serious, information was given to the District Medical Officer who went to the jail along with the Assistant D. M. O. and examined the patient. The volunteer breathed his last in the afternoon. At the postmortem which was held by the D. M. and S. O. inside the jail, traces of acute bacillary dysentery appear to have been disclosed.

With regard to a story, of lathi charge and overcrowding of prisoners in the quarantine prevalent in connection with this death, the Jail Superintendent, who was interviewed to-day, flatly denied the lathi charge. It however appears that no intimation about the condition of the deceased or of his death was communicated to any of the relations of the deceased volunteer before the burial, because the volunteer had no relations in Madura. The official version does not deny the grouping of the volunteers along with other prisoners.

MIXED DIET FOR "POLITICALS."

It may be remembered that 12 out of the 13 volunteers of Madura who were recently sentenced by the City First Class Magistrate have been given mixed diet against which they protested by going on hunger strike for about 2 days. I understand that most of them are suffering from stomach trouble and that four of them are already in the hospital.

I understand that Mr. K. R. Venkatrama Aiyar has received a reply from the Law Member regarding his reprtsentation about the giving of mixed diet to the volunteers, wherein it is stated that the City Magistrates could be moved again for reconsidering the order regarding diet.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON EMPLOYEE

Incident Near Electric Power House

(From A Correspondent.)

INDORE, October 18.

It is alleged one Shankar Lal Upadya of the Indore Electric Power House was beaten near the Power House on 15th instant, by old employees of the Power House, who have come under reduction.

It is stated that the cause of the assault was the allegation that he supplied certain information to Government in connection with a corruption case against an official of the Electric Power House, who is under suspension.

Shankar Lal has filed a complaint in the court.

2 1/2 INCHES RAIN IN ONE HOUR

Considerable Damage Caused To Crop

RATNAGIRI, Oct. 18.

The sky has now suddenly become cloudy since yesterday. There was a heavy downpour of rain for an hour recording two inches and a half. The passenger boats are finding it difficult to approach steamers. So they were detained. The crops were considerably damaged.—A. P.

60 PERSONS ARRESTED

Sequel To Serious Clash Between Money Lender And Zamindar

LYLLPUR, Oct. 17.

About sixty Hindus and Muslims were taken in custody following a clash between parties of a Hindu money lender and a Muslim zemindar respectively in village of Gatti Kammoka (Tehsil Chiniot).

It is alleged that the money lender obtained a civil decree against the zemindar, and accompanied by bailiff and party sought recovery of the decretal amount, but there was a fracas between the two parties in which a number of persons were injured.—A. P.

DUTY OF INDIANS TO HELP AFGHANS!

Sir M. Iqbal On Proposed Kabul University

LAHORE, Oct. 18.

"An educated Afghanistan will be the best friend of India. The building of the new University at Kabul and the development of the Peshawar Islamia College into another University on the western border of India will very much help in the uplift of the shrewd Afghan tribes, who inhabit the country that lies between our frontier and the Afghan frontier," says Sir Mohamad Iqbal in the course of a statement, explaining the mission on behalf of himself as well as on behalf of Sir Ross Mohamad and Maulvi Suleman Nadvi, who have been invited to advise the Afghan Administration on the proposed Kabul University.

Sir Mohamad Iqbal adds: "His Majesty the King of Afghanistan has invited us to advise his Education Minister on matters connected with the proposed University of Kabul. We felt it our duty to respond to his call. It appears from various publications emerging from Kabul that the younger generation of Afghans is thorough ly in earnest about the modern knowledge and its co-ordination with their religion and culture. The Afghans are a fine people and as Indians it is our duty to help them as best we can."—A.P.

JHALAWAR'S BANQUET TO CHAWLA

JHALRAPATAN, Oct. 18.

A correspondent wires as follows from Jhalrapatan under today's date:—

"His Highness the Maharaja of Jhalawar gave a banquet in honour of Mr. R. N. Chawla, the well-known airman, who is shortly proceeding on a world flight.

Mr. Chawla's flight has been made possible through the munificence of a number of princes and his visit here is by way of farewell.

Forty covers were laid and Major Habib Ahmed, the Chief Minister of Khairpur, who is staying here as His Highness' guest was also present.

In welcoming Mr. Chawla as the first airman to land on Jhalawar soil, His Highness expressed his appreciation of Mr. Chawala's courage in undertaking the flight, which, His Highness said, would serve as an encouragement to other Indians.

Mr. Chawla thanked His Highness for the honour conferred on him which, he said, was really honour conferred on Indian aviators."—A. P.

TO CONTROL U. S. PIG & CORN PRODUCTION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18

The Control programme for corn and pig production, issued by Mr. Wallace, Secretary for agriculture, is reported to include processing taxes to comensate farmers who reduce corn acreage at least by 23 per cent and farrows pigs by 25 per cent.—Reuter's Special

TO AVENGE BHAGAT SINGH'S EXECUTION

Public Prosecutor Describes How Lahore Conspiracy Case Approver Was Murdered In Trial Which Opens In Motihari Dt. Jail

MOTIHARI, (By Mail).

The trial of the approver murder case against Baikunth Shukul and Chandarma Sinha under Sections 302|34, 326 and 120-B|302, I. P. C. has commenced before Rai Saheb P. Thakur, S.D.O., Sadar, inside the Motihari Distt. Jail.

The prosecution refers to the murder of Lahore Conspiracy case approver, Phanindranath Ghose, and his friend Ganesh Prasad Gupta, of Bettiah.

GUARDED BY ARMED FORCE.

The court-room and the jail compound were well guarded by armed force and the D.I.G., the S. P. and the D. S. P. of Champaran were present at the opening of the case. Rai Bahadur Jagat Bandhu Bhoumik, D.S.P., C.I.D., assisted Rai Bahadur Sudhansu Bhusan Rai, appeared for the Crown. Babu Parmanand Prasad, a local Mukhtiar, defended Chadarma Sinha.

Radhika Debi, wife of Baikunth Shukul and Ramdat Sinha, father of Chadarma Sinha, were allowed to attend the trial.

SUDDEN ATTACK.

Opening the case for the Crown, the Public Prosecutor described how, when sitting in front of a shop at 7 p.m. on November 9, 1932, Phanindranath Ghose and his friend Ganesh Prasad Gupta, were suddenly attacked by the two prisoners, who were armed with "bhujalis." Thereafter they attempted to mount their cycles, which they had left by the side of Minabazar, but ultimately they ran away, leaving the machines behind, as the pursuers got too close.

An examination of the cycles disclosed a bundle tied to the carriers of each. Investigation disclosed that the two men set out from the Darbhanga Medical School Hostel for Motihari on November 5 on the two bicycles, which had been left behind by the culprits.

The Public Prosecutor further described in detail Mr. Phanindranath Ghose, who was a revolutionary, became an approver in the Lahore Conspiracy Case, in which Bhagat Singh and two others were executed.

DEATH WARNING TO GHOSE.

Thereafter Ghose deposed in three other political cases in Bihar. In one of these Jogendar Shukul, a co-villager of Baikunth Shukul, was convicted. He added that Baikunth Shukul was connected with a revolutionary organisation, known as the "Hindustan Republican Army" and that the motive for the murder of Ghose was to avenge the execution of Bhagat Singh, Sukhdeo and Rajguru. It appeared that 20 days before the occurrence, Kapildeo Rai, a revolutionary convict at Hazaribagh, sent a death warning to Ghose. Of the three injured men Ghose and Gupta died on November 17 and 20 respectively.

ABSCONDERS ARRESTED.

It was explained how Baikunth Shukul had been absconding after the discovery of an unlicensed revolver in his house until his arrest with a live-bomb on the Sonpur Bridge in July. Chadarma Singh was captured at Cawnpore when attempting to shoot a D.S.P. who had gone to arrest him. He had been absconding since the Hajipur Station Dacoity in which the station master was killed.

From the material discussed, the Public Prosecutor suggested that the murder of Ghose was the result of a revolutionary conspiracy.

The Public Prosecutor opened the case in Hindi as the accused objected to the use of English language.

SHOPKEEPER AS WITNESS.

Ten shopkeepers of Minabazar were examined as witnesses. Lakshmi Prasad and Bhagelu Mian, who were eye witnesses, identified Shukul, Subdeo Sinha, a police constable, who was special guard of Ghose since the latter had turned an approver, also deposed and spoke to having lodged the first information of the incident. He stated that Phanindra had a pistol from the Government for his protection, but that the weapon was not with him at the time.

Further hearing was adjourned, the accused having left the court shouting revolutionary slogans.—A.P.

JAMNALAL BAJAJ ON GANDHIJI'S TOUR

Behoves Khadi Workers To Take Full Advantage Of Occasion

WARDHA, Oct. 18.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Officiating President of the All-India Spinners' Association, has issued the following statement:—

"If everything goes well, Mahatma Gandhi will commence his all-India tour on November 8. The tour is mainly intended for Harijan work, but wherever Gandhiji goes there is bound to be a general enthusiasm among the people, and it behoves the Khadi-workers to take full advantage of it. As Khadi and Harijan service go side by side, in our programme for the uplift of the masses and as Khadi is the most important item in our constructive programme and a thing so dear to Gandhiji's heart, it becomes the bounden duty of workers to advance the cause of Khadi during Gandhiji's tour. They should know that Khadi is a powerful means of supporting thousands of Harijans."

SWAMI DAYANAND.

Acharya Devi Sharma of Gurukul Kangri, who had come here to see Gandhiji, could not go to Ajmer owing to illness to take part in the "Ardh Shatabdi Celebrations." When interviewed he said, "The world is greatly in need of Swami Dayanand's message. His great message is that men should observe "Bramhacharya." Self-controlled men could alone carry that message to the world."—A.P.

RIGHT TO SECEDE FROM FEDERATION

Sir Manubhai Mehta Speaks On Behalf Of Princes

LONDON, Oct. 18.

That the Indian Princes required a collective right of secession from the Federation whenever they wished, announced Sir Manubhai Mehta on behalf of the Chamber of Princes when the Joint Select Committee were recently discussing the question of the separation of Burma, says the "Morning Post."

Such a right will be exercised if the experience over a period years necessitated the adoption of such a course.

The paper adds: Sir Akbar Hydari, opposing Sir M. Mehta, declared that Hyderabad did not support such a right, but Sir M. Mehta maintained his views of the Chamber of Princes on this question as very definite and the Princes were quite willing to concede Burma the same right if she desired it.—Reuter.

BIKANER URGED TO WITHDRAW CASE

AJMER, Oct. 18.

A correspondent wires that a Rajputana Provincial Agarwal Conference was held under the presidentship of Mr. Melaram Vaishya Bhiwani on October 17 and appealed to the Maharaja of Bikaner to withdraw the Bikaner Conspiracy Case.—A.P.

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